THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

Published by NEVILLE B. CRAIG, *near the S. W. corner of the Diamond—Weekly Paper, Two Dollars per year, in advance—Semi-Weekly Paper, Four Dollars per year, in advance.*

VOL. 48. TUESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 12, 1833. NO. 43.

TO LET,

A COMFORTABLE DWELLING HOUSE pleasantly situated on the south side of the Monongahela river, a few perches above the Bridge Apply to the subscriber.

FREDERICK BAUSMAN

may 11, 1822.—tf

TO BE LET,

THE *Centre Building* in the range of Four Story Brick Houses recently erected on Market street, between 4th street and the Diamond. Possession will be given on the first day of January. For terms, apply to the subscriber, or in his absence, to Mr. James B. Irwin.

WILLIAM W. IRWIN.

November 22, 1832.—tf

Book and Stationery Store.

M. P. O'HERN,

HAVING purchased the entire Stock of CRAMER & SPEAR, in the *Bookselling and Book Binding* business, will continue at the old stand, No. 54, Franklin Head, Wood Street, where orders for every variety of Book and Job Printing and Bookbinding will be received and executed with neatness and despatch.

On hand a large assortment of School, Chap, and Miscellaneous Books; also, Stationery in all its variety.

Country Merchants are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves. ☞Rags taken in exchange for Books and Paper.

N. B. *Steam Boat Books and Merchants' Account Books* Bound and Ruled to any given pattern, on the shortest notice.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 11, 1832.

☞The Subscribers very respectfully recommend the Patronage of their former Customers to their Successor, M. P. O'Hern, at their old stand, Wood street.

CRAMER & SPEAR.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 11, 1832.—6m.

Notice to Creditors, &c.

SAMUEL STEVENSON, of the city of Pittsburgh, Merchant, having assigned all his Goods, Merchandise, Accounts, and Effects to the subscribers, in trust, for the benefit of his creditors, as named in his deed of Assignment. All persons indebted to him are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned; and those having claims against him, will present them for settlement.

WILLIAM BELL, Jr.
JOHN ALEXANDER,
THOMAS STEVENSON.

August 14—tf

STORE ROOM & CELLAR TO BE LET.—The large and convenient Store Room and Back Room adjoining, as also the Large Cellar, underneath No. 138 Liberty street, now in the occupation of G. Aldrich: to be rented for one year, from the first of April next. Possession to be had on that day; or, if desired, might perhaps be had on the first of March, or early in that month, by arrangement with Mr. Aldrich.

☞For terms, inquire at the office of the Subscriber, south side of the Diamond.

A. W. FOSTER.

February 1, 1833.—4w

MUSIC STORE,

Number Nine Fifth Street,

THREE DOORS FROM MARKET.

PIANO FORTES, MUSIC, AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, *at Eastern Prices.*

THE Subscribers have constantly on hand an extensive assortment of Piano Fortes, of the latest and most improved patterns, with and without Metalic Plate, which they can warrant to purchasers to stand in any climate. All the new publications of Music for the Piano Forte, Harp, Guitar, Violin, Flute, &c. &c. received as soon as published, with all the old Standard Music, making as large a collection, and as select as any in the Western country.

Musical Instruments, of all kinds, at Wholesale or Retail—Violins, Violincellos, Double Basses, Guitars; Flutes; Clarionetts; Flageolets, double and single; Octave Flutes; Fifes; Kent Bugles; Trumpets; French Horns; Trombones; Bass Horns; Bassoons; Post Horns; Bass and Snare Drums; Tamborines; Bird Organs; Musical Snuff Boxes; Harmonicas; Violin Bows; Bow Hair; Violin Strings; Harp Strings; Piano Wire; Clarionett and Bassoon Reeds; Music Paper; Music Pens; Music Desks, &c. &c.

Two Superior Church Organs, with 5 and 6 stops. Music copied and arranged for Military Bands—to Societies, Merchants, Seminaries, and Military Bands, a liberal deduction will be made.

The attention of Merchants, Professors, and Amateurs, as well as the patronage of the Ladies and Gentlemen of Pittsburgh is respectfully solicited.

SMITH & MELLOR.

N. B. Piano Fortes and Instruments tuned and repaired—Old Pianos taken in part for new ones.

Jan. 25, 1833.—3m.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

THE Copartnership heretofore existing between ALFRED COCHRAN & JAS. IRWIN, trading under the title of Cochran & Irwin, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be settled by James Irwin.

ALFRED COCHRAN,
JAMES IRWIN.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 1, 1833. [Jan. 18--tf.]

FOR RENT,

A FIRST Rate Wagon Tavern Stand. Also, for Rent, several Business Stands, situated in the most public parts of the city. For terms, inquire of DAVID GREER,

Jan. 15, 1833. *Lumber Merchant.*

JOB PRINTING

EXECUTED, with neatness and despatch, at the Office of the PITTSBURGH GAZETTE. April 26

JOHNSTON & STOCKTON,

Booksellers, Printers,

Book-Binders and Paper Manufacturers.

No. 37, Market Street, Pittsburgh

march 14.—tf.

Fort Pitt Glass Works.

R. B. CURLING & SONS, grateful for the very liberal patronage they have hitherto received, beg leave to inform their friends and the public that they have considerably enlarged their factory; and having associated with them Mr. H. HIGBY, under the firm of CURLING, HIGBY & CURLINGS, they respectfully solicit a continuance of former favors.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 21, 1832.—tf

FOR SALE,

A VERY ELIGIBLE PIECE OF GROUND upon Market street, in the city of Pittsburgh, between Second and Third streets, now occupied by H. Ward, containing, in Front, on Market street, thirty-two, and extending back sixty feet.—For terms, inquire of JOHN HORNER.

Feb. 28, 1832.--tf

25 HHDS. N. O. Sugar;
30 bbls. Molasses;
75 Bales Tennessee & Alabama Cotton;
200 bbls. Loaf Sugar;
40 do. Tar;
12 bbls. Sweet Malaga Wine;
1200 Tennessee Blooms;
In store, and for sale, by

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & Co.

Dec. 25.--tf.

NOTES AND GOLD.

EVERY description of Bank Note Paper discounted at reduced rates. The highest premium paid for Foreign and American GOLD.

Notes and Drafts collected: interest allowed on Special Deposits.

GEORGE A. COOK,

Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

Sept. 21, 1832.

A FEW Copies of the old Edition of the Dictionary of the Bible, published by Cramer & Spear—*Brown's Notes*, complete in two vols. For sale low, by M. P. O'HERN,

Franklin Head, Wood street.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 11, 1832.—6m.

DOMESTIC CLOTH HALL,

No. 72 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.

HAMILTON STEWART,

MANUFACTURER OF

Linen and Cotton Goods,

WHICH he offers for sale at eastern manufacturers' prices, without any addition of carriage, at 3, 4, or 6 months acceptances.

N. B.—Five per cent. discount on all orders exceeding $100. march 19---tf.

NEW DRUG STORE.

THE subscribers respectfully inform the public that they have opened a Drug Store, No. 42 Market street, second door below third, where they have just received a large and general assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Dye-Stuffs, Window Glass, Perfumery, &c. which they offer for sale, Wholesale and Retail, on the most reasonable terms.

H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co.

☞For sale, as above, Mons. Chabert, the celebrated French Fire King's Tapuyas Elixir, an instantaneous cure for the tooth ache.

April 13, 1832.--tf

FOR SALE—A number of Shares of Stock in the Navigation and Fire Insurance Company of Pittsburgh.

Apply to GEORGE A. COOK, Broker, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh. June 19.

Compound Chlorine Tooth Wash.

THE Compound Chlorine Tooth Wash effectually cleanses the teeth and mouth, speedily removes all canker or soreness; likewise, the smell or taste from the use of tobacco, and all that is offensive in the breath; in fine, it preserves the teeth and mouth, in all respects, in a clean and healthy condition. For sale at

H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co's

Drug Store, No 42, Market street.

July 31.

MILL AND CROSS-CUT SAWS.

THE Subscriber has the satisfaction to say to the public, and his friends, that he has connected with his other business, the manufactury of Mill and Cross Cut Saws; and can furnish supplies to merchants and others: he believes them to be equal to any ever used in the western country—the experience of the workmen employed, with the known good qualities of the steel, justifies him in warranting the article to any who may be disposed to patronize western industry.

Z. PACKARD.

Northern Liberties, Pittsburgh, December 9, 1831. } tf

The undersigned, agent for the Point Saw Mill, in Pittsburgh, takes pleasure in saying, that the Mill Saws, made by Z. Packard, and which are now in use, in his mill, are equal, if not superior, to any he has ever used.

ISAAC WICKERSHAM, Ag't.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 21, 1831.

THOMAS ANDERSON & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,

LOUISVILLE, Ky.

Refer to M'KEE, CLARKE & Co.
JAS. ADAMS, Jr. & Co.
HAMILTON STEWART, } Pittsburgh.

STORAGE & FORWARDING.—Thomas Anderson & Co. have extensive warehouses, and are prepared to Receive and Forward Merchandise, in any direction required

may 14, 1830.---tf.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE CO. of Wheeling.

THE Fire and Marine Insurance Company of Wheeling, incorporated by the Legislature of Virginia, is duly organised and prepared to take both Fire and Marine risks on the customary terms. Officers for the current year:

JAMES H. FORSYTH, *President.*

Moses W. Chapline,	George Dulty,
Marcus Wilson,	Henry Moore,
William Lambdin,	Thomas Hughes,
William B. Tyson,	Ebenezer Zane,

Directors.

M. Nelson, *Sec'y.* Jan. 17.—tf.

New Hardware Stor

NO 66, WOOD STREET

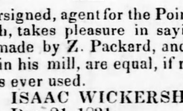
PITTSBURGH.

LOGAN & KENNEDY, having just received an extensive assortment of Hardware, Cutlery, Saddlery, &c., respectfully invite the attention of Merchants, Mechanics, and others.

Also, a well selected assortment of *Union Factory* bench and moulding Planes.

Feb. 21, 1832.---tf

NEW COACH



MANUFACTORY.

THE Subscribers, still being associated, inform the Public, that they have enlarged their COACH MANUFACTORY, and will execute all Orders in their line, with promptness, and *in eastern style*. Having none but first rate Mechanics, and a good assortment of Coach Materials, they can furnish, at a short notice,

Post Coaches, Coachees, Barouches, Chariotees, Cariolees, Gigs, Sulkeys, Dearborns, &c. &c.

☞ REPAIRING done with dispatch.

JOHN HISE,
SAM'L. C. COLE.

☞ New and Second Hand Carriages and Gigs, always on hand, for sale or barter.

November 23.—tf

SLEIGHING.

AN *Elegant Two Horse Sleigh*—from the North—of Modern and approved Model, and superior finish. Just received and for sale by

JOHN DALZELL & Co.,

December 14—tf 170 Liberty street.

BARTRAM'S Hammered Spades and Shovels, warranted of a superior quality—also, Bartram's Prime Axes, Mattocks, Canal Picks, Hoes, Trace Chains, Log Chains, &c. For sale by H. MAC SHANE,

march 22, 1831.---tf Front street.

THE Subscribers are now receiving from the Eastern Markets, and offer for sale

A large and well selected assortment of

GROCERIES,

To which they invite the attention of their friends.

Also, on hand, Five Tons Scorched Salts; 200 bushels Dried Apples.

DICKEY & CAROTHERS.

Dec. 21, 1832.---tf

30 CASKS superior Sugar-house Molasses;
400 Missouri Hides;
10 quarter Casks Malaga Wine;
20 hhds. N. O. Sugar;
50 boxes smoked Herring;
100 do. Cincinnati Soap;
Received by late arrivals, and for sale by

H. MAC SHANE,

Feb. 14---tf. 76 Front street.

China & Queensware.

PEPPARD & CALLAN, importers, No. 37 Wood street, are receiving, in addition to their spring stock, a very general assortment of NEW PATTERNS, of a superior quality of ware.

DINING and TEA SETS, mantel ornaments, with plain and Cut Glass, at moderate prices.

June 22, 1832.—tf

LEADEN PIPE.

I HAVE commenced the manufacture of LEADEN PIPE, and will furnish and lay the same, at the most reasonable rate. Any quantity required, warranted to be of the best quality, will be furnished at the shortest notice. JOHN SHERIFF.

Nov. 28, 1828.—tf.

Exchange Establishment,

NO. 68 WOOD STREET.

Zanesville	1	Michigan	3
Muskingum	1	Pottsville	1
New Jersey	1a2	Chambersburgh	1
Delaware	1	Wilksbarre	1¼
Virginia	1	Lake Erie	2
New England	2	Painesville	2
South Carolina	3	New York	1¼a2
North Carolina	5	Scioto	3
Louisiana	5		

GEORGE A. COOK,

Aug. 17. Exchange Broker.

FOR SALE.

A NUMBER of valuable BUILDING LOTS in the vicinity of this city, part of the estate of Dr. George Stevenson, late of Wilmington, (Del.) deceased. For terms apply to the subscribers. W. M'KNIGHT,
HARMAR DENNY,
J. SNYDER,

Pittsburgh, Nov. 3, 1829—tf. *Executors.*

FOR THE CURE OF THE TOOTH-ACHE.—The subscribers, having united in the purchase of all Dr. Thomas White's right, (as expressed in his Letters Patent, obtained of the United States, on the 29th July, 1829,) to make and sell the said White's Celebrated Tooth-Ache Drops, in the county of Allegheny, are prepared to supply the city and county with any quantity of said Drops, and warrant them *genuine*.—Sold at Retail, by E. HALE, Surgeon Dentist, at his office, No 70 Fourth street; Wholesale, by JOHN HANNEN & Co., corner of Market and Liberty streets, Pittsburgh.

E. HALE, Dentist,
J. HANNEN, Druggist.

☞ The subscriber, in his practice as a Dentist, having successfully and to a considerable extent used "Doctor T. White's Vegetable Tooth Ache Drops," can recommend them, when *genuine*, as superior to any other remedy now in use. If obtained of the subscriber, a *cure* is *guarantied*.

A certificate of the Patentee may be seen at the office of the subscriber, No. 70 Fourth street, near Wood; where all Dental operations will be performed to the satisfaction of the patient, or no charges required.

E. HALE, Surgeon Dentist.

April 15—tf

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

WHOLESALE

Earthen-Ware House,

No. 37, Wood Street, Pittsburgh,

Next door to Messrs. Tassey & Church, and nearly opposite Griffith's Hotel.

THE undersigned have made arrangements for regular importations of

China and Earthen-Ware,

And they expect within a few weeks to receive their spring stock of Ware, which will be of the first quality, newest pattern, and quite as extensive as any wholesale house West of the Mountains.

A very general assortment of Pittsburgh manufactured *GLASS* will be kept on hand.

Orders for Ware, left at this house, shall be packed with care and punctuality.

Prices and terms will be found accommodating.

STANDISH PEPPARD,
JAMES CALLAN.

Feb. 28, 1832.---tf

TO LET,

THE New Three Story Stone Front Building, on the south side of Wood street, being the second east of Diamond alley. ☞Enquire of NEVILLE B. CRAIG.

January 4, 1833.

WANTED,

SOUTH Carolina and Michigan Paper. Also, Foreign and American

GOLD, AND BANK OF ENGLAND NOTES

Six per cent. allowed on Special Deposits,

Payable to Order, or return of Certificate. Apply to GEORGE A. COOK, *No. 68, Wood street, Pittsburgh.* Jan. 15, 1833.

CITY AUCTION ROOM,

NO. 41 WOOD STREET.

Opposite the Pittsburgh Hotel.

P. M'KENNA, *Auctioneer*, respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he is now prepared, at the above establishment, to discharge the duties of his office, and hopes, by strict attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage. ☞Regular days of Public Sales, every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 10, A. M. and 2, P. M.; and Evening Sales on TUESDAY and FRIDAY of each week.

Pittsburgh, November 5, 1830 tf.

NOTICE.—*John Hannen* has taken his son-in law, *John E. Park*, into partnership with him in the Drug business, and in the manufacturing of white lead; and all their transactions will be done under the firm of JOHN HANNEN & CO. All persons indebted to John Hannen, are required to make payment without delay.

January 21.

New Works.

THE Comic Offering; or Lady's Melange of Literary Mirth, for 1833, illustrated by numerous designs; edited by Miss S. H. Sheridan.

The Amulet; a Christian and Literary Remembrancer; edited by S. C. Hill, for 1833.

Religious Souvenir; a Christmas, New Year's and Birth Day Present, for 1833.

Boswell's Life of Johnson—The Life of Samuel Johnson, L. L. D., including a Journal of a Tour to the Hebrides; by James Boswell, Esq., a new edition, with numerous additions and notes; by James Wilson Croker, L. L. D. F. R. S., in 2 vols.

The Signs of the Times; as denoted by fulfilment of Historical Predictions, traced down from the Babylonish Captivity to the present time; by Rev. Alexander Keith, Minister of St. Cyrus, Author of "The Evidences of Prophesy:" in 2 vols.

The American Citizen; the Right of an American Citizen, with a Commentary on State Rights, and on the Constitution and Policy of the United States; by Benjamin L. Oliver, Counsellor at Law.

The Excitement; or a Book to induce young persons to Read, containing Remarkable Appearances in Nature, Signal Preservations.

Chalmers' Political Economy; in connection with the Moral State, and Moral Prospects of Society; by Thomas Chalmers, D. D. Professor of Divinity in the University of Edinburgh.

Dermot Mac Morrogh; or the Conquest of Ireland, an Historical Tale of the Twelfth Century, in four Cantos; by John Quincy Adams. Just received and for sale by

D. M. HOGAN,

Dec. 14, 1832. No. 73 Wood street.

FOR SALE,

THE MANSION HOUSE of the late Alexander Johnston, Jr., Esquire, deceased, now in the tenure of S. Colwell, Esquire.

WILLIAM HAYS, } *Exr's.*
JOHN SNYDER, }

Jan. 4, 1833.—tf

REMOVAL.

S. FAHNESTOCK & CO. have removed their Hardware Store to No. 86 Wood street, corner of Diamond alley.

Pittsburgh, January 25, 1833.—tf

TO LET,

THE HOUSE in Wood street, near Fourth, now occupied by J. & J. Patterson. Possession given on the first of April. Enquire of WM. HAYS.

Jan. 25, 1833.—tf

LEWIS HUTCHISON,

HAVING associated HARVEY F. BOLLMAN with him in the Commission Business, it will in future be transacted at his Ware House, No. 92 Front and 44 Water street, under the firm of

Lewis Hutchison & Co.

Who intend keeping on hand a general assortment of Pittsburgh Manufactured Articles, for sale at the lowest market prices. Their warehouse being large with a convenient enclosed yard for the storage of Pig Metal, Blooms, &c., they solicit consignments of these articles, also every description of country produce. Liberal advances made on consignments.

Jan. 25, 1833.—3m.

UNION CANAL LOTTERY

OF PENNSYLVANIA,

CLASS No. 3, for 1833: to be drawn in Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, 9th February, 1833. Yates & M'Intyre, Managers. Sixty Six Number Lottery--Ten Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	$20,000 is	$20,000
1	10,000	10,000
1	6,000	6,000
1	4,000	4,000
1	3,000	3,000
1	2,500	2,500
7	1,000	7,000
7	500	3,500
10	100	4,000
10	300	3,000
20	200	4,000
60	100	6,000
168	50	8,400
112	20	2,240
2240	10	22,400
15400	5	77,000
45760 tickets.		$183,040

Tickets, $5; Halves, $2 50; Quarters, $1 25.

Orders from abroad, (post paid) enclosing cash or prize tickets in former lotteries, will be promptly attended to.

A statement of the drawing will be forwarded to each adventurer. Cash paid for prizes on presentation. Apply to, or address,

JOHN SIBBET,

At the Lottery and Exchange Office, No. 114 Market street, corner of Liberty, Pittsburgh.

Where was sold, in Class 6, the Capital Prize of $25,000; in Class 7, the Capital Prize of $5,000 and in Class 10, the Capital Prize of $6,000.

Feb. 1, 1833.

UNION CANAL LOTTERY

OF PENNSYLVANIA,

CLASS No. 3, for 1833: to be drawn in Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, 9th February, 1833. YATES & M'INTYRE, Managers. 66 No. Lottery: Ten Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	$20,000 is	$20,000
1	10,000	10,000
1	6,000	6,000
1	4,000	4,000
1	3,000	3,000
1	2,500	2,500
7	1,000	7,000
7	500	3,500
10	400	4,000
10	300	3,000
20	200	4,000
60	200	5,600
168	50	8,400
112	20	4,240
2240	10	22,400
15400	5	77,000
45760 tickets.		$183,040

Tickets, $5; Halves, $2 50; Quarters, $1 25.

☞For Tickets and Shares, apply to or address WM. HAMILTON,

No. 17 Exchange Buildings, St. Clair street.

Feb. 1, 1833.

TO LET,

THE Large Rooms in the brick building on the south west corner of Market and Fourth streets, occupied by the Pennsylvania Museum; immediate possession given. Enquire at the Museum. Feb. 5.

CIRCULAR.

THE undersigned, late of the firm of Cochran & Irwin, having purchased the interest of Messrs. Dobbin & Irwin, and taken the house lately occupied by them, corner of Market and Water streets, is now prepared to transact a

General Commission and Forwarding Business.

All consignments, or orders, addressed to him, will meet with prompt attention, and every exertion will be made to promote the interest and secure the confidence of those who may entrust him with business.

A good assortment of *Pittsburgh Manufactured Articles*, at Manufacturers' prices, always on hand. JAMES IRWIN.

Pittsburgh, February 1, 1833.—tf

We take pleasure in recommending to our friends and customers, our successor, Mr. James Irwin, to whom we have sold our interest, and transferred our business. From our long acquaintance with Mr. Irwin, and entire confidence in his integrity and ability, we are well assured that he will give general satisfaction.

HAMILTON R. DOBBIN,
JAMES S. IRWIN.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 1, 1833.

ALEXANDER & RUFUS, a Treatise on Church Government, by the late Dr. Anderson—only Edition in the United States—for sale by M. P. O'HERN.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 11, 1832.—6m.

A THERMOMETER, made by Fisher, Philadelphia, was taken from the door cheek of the subscriber, on Sunday evening, between dark and nine o'clock. The thief will probably endeavor to exchange it for cash. Information relating to either is requested.

JAMES R. SPEER,
No. 130 Wood street.

Jan. 22, 1833.

11 BALES SPANISH MOSS—Just received and for sale low, by

GEO. COCHRAN, of R'd,

January 29, 1833. No. 26 Wood street.

50 BBLS. OLD WHISKEY;
30 do. Common do.;
33 do. American Brandy, good quality;

50 bbls. S. F. Flour, for family use;
200 bbls. No 1, Salt, (old and dry.)
For sale by

JOHN D. DAVIS & CO.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 5.—6t.

JAMES IRWIN

HAS on hand, and offers for sale, on accommodating terms—

25,000	pounds BACON;
3,500	do. FEATHERS;
2,000	do. CAST STEEL;
500	do. CROWLEY STEEL;
700	do. ZINC;
4,000	do. LAMP BLACK;
4,000	do. COTTON YARN, No. 5 *a* 10;
500	do. CANDLEWICK;
10	bales Cuba TOBACCO;
30	boxes Ky. Manufactured do.;
40	kegs do. do. do.;
20	barrels Prime PORK;
150	do. No. 2 and 3 MACKEREL;
30	tons LOG WOOD;
80	Salted HIDES;
200	Dry do.;
500,000	Kentucky SEGARS;
120	bundles BINDERS' BOARDS;
75	groce BONNET BOARDS;
200	reams WRITING PAPER.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 5--tf

SUPPLEMENT

TO an Ordinance, entitled 'An Ordinance establishing the salaries and compensations of the Mayor and sundry other officers of the City of Pittsburgh.'

SECT. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by* | L.S. | *the Citizens of Pittsburgh in Select and Common Councils assembled*, That from and after the passing of this Ordinance, the yearly salary of the Mayor shall be five hundred dollars; that the yearly salary of the Treasurer shall be five hundred dollars; that the yearly salary of the Wharf Master shall be four hundred dollars; to be paid them quarterly, on warrants drawn by the Mayor, in favor of the respective officers.

SECT. 2. *Be it further ordained and enacted*, That the Wharf Master is hereby required to pay over to the Treasurer, monthly, all moneys received by him for wharfage, also to make a correct return of the amount of tonnage of each and every month, during the year, to the Treasurer.

SECT. 3. *Be it further ordained and enacted*, That so much of any ordinance as is hereby altered or supplied, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law, in Councils, the 28th day of January, A. D. 1833.

JOHN GRAHAM,
Pres't Common Council.

Attest—
E. J. ROBERTS, Cl'k Common Council.

JAMES ROSS,
Pres't Select Council.

WM. PENTLAND, Cl'k Select Council.

February 8.—3t.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS, John Sherer, Jr. of Newcastle, Mercer county, Merchant, did, on 11th December, 1832, execute and deliver to the subscribers, an assignment of all his real and personal estate, in trust for the benefit of such of his creditors as shall, on or before 1st March next, ensuing, execute and deliver a release of all and every their respective claims and demands against him, the said John Sherer, Jr., notice is hereby given, that said deed of assignment and release are now in the possession of Stephen Colwell, Esq., Pittsburgh, where the release may be executed.

ROB'T M'FARLANE.
DAVID COURTNEY, Jr.

Feb. 1—9t *Acting Assignees.*

Rare opportunity, and Great Bargain!

PRINCIPALS of Colleges, Seminaries, and Scientific Gentlemen are informed, that for the small sum of $25, a *Planetarium or Orrery*, of a large size, may be purchased. It correctly represents the annual motions of the planets Mercury, Venus, the Earth, Mars, Jupiter, Saturn, and their moons, around the Sun. Diameter of Saturn's orbit, nearly 5 feet. The planets from a half an inch to 6 inches in diameter. The wheels and sockets of the Machinery made of solid brass castings. It appears to be the only machine of the kind in Western Pennsylvania, and cost the maker 100 dollars. Enquire at S. Holden's tavern, Fifth street, between Market and Wood streets.

February 1.

TAKEN up, a drift, in the Ohio, on the —— of January, a Large OAK FLAT, about fifty feet long—high in the bow—a pine steering oar.

The owner can get her again, by proving property and paying charges.

JOHN BALDWIN,
ARCHIBALD HAMILTON,
WILLIAM HAMILTON,
WILLIAM RITCHIE,
Montour's Island.

February 8, 1833.

AN ORDINANCE,

To enable and empower the Water Committee to appoint and elect a suitable person as Assessor and Collector of water rents, and other purposes.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted, by the citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils, assembled*, That forthwith, from and after the passage of this Ordinance, and at the organization of the Watering Committee, in each and every year hereafter, it shall be the duty of the said Committee, to appoint some suitable person as Assessor and Collector of the Water rents, and who shall act as Clerk or Secretary to the said Water Committee; and it shall be the duty of said Assessor or Collector of Rents and Clerk of Water Committee, under the direction, superintendence and control of the said Water Committee, to proceed forthwith and collect all outstanding Water Rents, due for the current or past year, and which should have been paid by the inhabitants, according to the provisions of the existing City Ordinances, on the first day of April last, past. And if any person or persons, after having been called on by the said Assessor and Collector, &c. for the amount of his, her, or their Water Rent, shall neglect or refuse to pay the same for the space of ten days, suit shall be brought against all such delinquents, together with an addition of 10 per cent. on the amount, as a penalty for such neglect or refusal, before the Mayor or any Alderman of the city, for the recovery of the said rents, and penalty, with costs of suit, according to law. And it shall be the duty of the said Assessor and Collector, under the directions of the said Water Committee, within a reasonable time, to make out an Alphabetical list of all such defaulters, with the amount in which they are severally indebted, and deliver the same to the City Treasurer, in order that suits may be brought. *Provided, however*, That the duplicate or list of rents, now in the hands of the Engineer and Superintendant, shall be forthwith delivered up by him, and shall be first correctly settled and adjusted by the said Water Committee.

SECT. 2. *Be it further ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That it shall be the duty of the said Assessor and Collector of Water Rents, and Clerk and Secretary as aforesaid, to attend the meetings of said Water Committee, at their office or elsewhere, if required by the said Water Committee, and under their superintendance and control and direction, to keep fair and correct minutes of all their proceedings, and to correctly and safely keep all books, vouchers, and documents appertaining to said offices; to produce the same when required, either by the Councils or the said Water Committee, and safely and promptly to deliver the same over to his successor in office, when required. And the said Assessor and Collector of Water Rents and Clerk and Secretary of Water Committee, before entering upon the duties of his office, shall give Bond in the sum of six thousand dollars, to be approved of by the Mayor and the Watering Committee, conditioned for the true and faithful performance of all his duties, and for the prompt payment to the city Treasurer of all the Water Rents, by him from time to time collected, according to the true intent and meaning of this Ordinance. And the Assessor and Collector of Water Rents, &c. shall, from and after the passing of this Ordinance, receive an annual salary of six hundred dollars, payable quarterly, in the same manner that the salary of other city officers are paid.

SECT. 3. *Be it further ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That it shall be the duty of said Assessor and Collector of Water Rents, annually, in the month of April, and as soon after the first day of April in each and every year, hereafter, as possible, to make out and prepare a correct Alphabetical list of the names of all persons using the Hydrant water, designating the streets and alleys in which they reside, the numbers of the buildings they severally occupy, as far as the same is practicable, the number of persons composing each family; the trade or occupation of such person, being the principal renter or occupant of each house, and the amount of rent or tax wherewith each individual may be assessed or is entitled to pay for the current year. Which said list when so prepared and completed shall be forthwith laid before the Water Committee, whose duty it shall be carefully to examine the same and to make or cause to be made, all necessary corrections and additions therein. And when so corrected, the said Committee shall approve the same in writing, and order the said Assessor and Collector to proceed and forthwith collect the several amounts therein, without delay.

SECT. 4. *Be it further ordained and enacted, by the authority aforesaid*, That when the said annual list of Water Rents shall be completed and approved of by the Water Committee, as aforesaid, it shall be the duty of the said Assessor and Collector of the Water Rents, to give public notice, by advertisement, for three weeks, in at least *three* of the newspapers published in the City of Pittsburgh, informing the inhabitants that their Water Rents for the current year in advance, are due and payable and that they will be forthwith called on by him for the payment of the same. And it shall be the duty of the said Assessor and Collector forthwith to call upon the several persons assessed, at their respective dwelling houses and demand the amount of their rents. And he is hereby authorized, empowered and directed, to proceed forthwith to collect and recover the said Water rents, without delay, and pay over the same weekly, as collected, to the City Treasurer.

Provided, however, That if any person or persons shall feel themselves aggrieved as to the amount of Water rent, or tax assessed on them, as aforesaid, such person or persons may, at any time within the month of May, immediately after the annual assessment, but not afterwards, appeal to the Water Committee, whose duty it shall be to hear such appeal, at such times and places as they may appoint therefor, and whose decision thereon shall be final and conclusive. And *provided, also*, That it shall be the duty of the Water Committee to keep, or cause to be kept, at their office, by their Clerk or Secretary, a book of record, containing an alphabetical list of the names of all persons using the Hydrant Water; designating the numbers of their houses, as far as practicable; the streets or alleys in which they reside; their trades or occupations; the number of their families, and the amount of their annual water rent or tax; which said Book shall be open to the inspection of the members of the Councils, at all seasonable times, if required.

SECT. 5. *Be it further ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That it shall be the duty of the person acting as Assessor and Collector of the Water rents, to examine from time to time, all private pipes and hydrants and see that the same are kept in sufficient repair, and that the hydrant water be not uselessly wasted by those authorized to use it. And particularly to inquire into all infractions or violations of the 11th and 12th sections of the ordinance, entitled 'An Ordinance for the distribution of the water,' &c. passed 23d day of February, 1829, and see that the provisions herein contained be enforced.

SECT. 6. *Be it further ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That all ordinances or supplements to ordinances, so far as they are altered or supplied by this ordinance, be and the same are hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Council, the 28th day of January, A. D. 1833.

JOHN GRAHAM,
Pres't Common Council.

Attest—
E. J. ROBERTS, Cl'k Common Council.

JAMES ROSS,
Pres't Select Council.

WM. PENTLAND, Cl'k Select Council.

Feb. 8, 1833.—3t.

POETRY.

For the Gazette.

MR. CRAIG—Some weeks since, I furnished an Imitation of the Ode '*Otium divos rogat*, &c.' of Horace, by Warren Hastings, and promised another Imitation of the same Ode, by William Gifford, late editor of the Quarterly Review. The all *absorbing question*, in relation to South Carolina, and the various proceedings of, and relating o, that state, occupied your columns, and induced a delay in redeeming my pledge until the present time.

ADDRESSED TO THE REV. JOHN IRELAND.

'When howling winds, and lowering skies
The light, untimbered bark surprize—
Near Orkney's boist'rous seas;
The trembling crew forget to swear,
On beaded knees, unus'd to prayer,
They ask a little ease.

For ease the Turk *ferocious* preys;
For ease the hardier *Russe*; for ease
Which Pitt could no'er obtain,
Which *Bedford* lacked, amidst his store,
And liberal *Clive*, with mines of ore,
Oft bade for, but in vain.

For not the liv'ried troop that wait,
Around the mansions of the great,
Can keep, my friend, aloof
Fear, that attacks e mind by fits,
And care, that, like a raven flits
Across the Lordly roof.

Ah! well is he, to whom kind heaven,
A decent competence has given—
Rich in the blessing sent—
He grasps not anxiously for more—
Dreads not to use his little store,
But fattens on content.

Ah! well is he, for life is lost,
Amidst a whirl of passions: toss'd
Then why, *Dear Jack*, should man
Magnanimous Ephemeron! stretch
His eager views beyond the reach
Of his contracted span!

Why should he from his country run,
In hopes—beneath a foreign sun—
Serener hours to find;
Was never man, in this wild chase,
Who changed his nature with his place,
And left himself behind.

So, winged with all the lightning's speed,
Care climbs the bark, care mounts the steed,
An inmate of the breast,
Nor Barca's heat, nor Zembla's cold,
Can drive from his pernicious hold,
The too tenacious guest.

He who no future care annoys,
But pleased the present hour enjoys,
Nor fears the next to know;
To soften every ill he strives,
Nor e'er misfortune's hour arrives,
Anticipate the blow.

Some thing must ever be amiss,
Man has his joys, but *perfect bliss*—
A phantom of the brain!
We can not all have all we want,
And chance to this, unasked, may grant
What that has begg'd in vain.

Wolfe rushed on death, in manhood's bloom,
Paulet crept slowly to the tomb;
Here *life*, there *fame*, was given—
And that wise Power, who weighs our lives,
By Pros and Contras, still contrives
To keep the balance even.

To you she gave two piercing eyes,
A body just, of Tydeus' size;
A judgment sound and clear;
A mind, with various science fraught,
A liberal soul, a thread-bare coat,
And forty pounds a year.

To me one eye, not over good,
And sides, that to their cost have stood,
A ten years' hectic cough;
Aches, stitches, plagues, and all the num'rous ills
That swell the d—— Doctors' bills,
And sweep poor mortals off.

A coat more bare than thine; a soul
Above the crowd's malign control,
A fixed contempt of wrong;
Spirits above affliction's power,
And skill, to charm the lonely hour,
With no inglorious song.'

EXTRACTS FROM FOREIGN JOURNALS.

The Cabinet seems to have taken pains to allay the apprehension of many persons, that still further and unlimited measures of reform were in contemplation. Mr. Stanley, at the poll in Lancashire, held this language—

"His Majesty's Government had known that the great body of the people was sound: and, knowing that they would have been unworthy of holding the reins of Government had they refused to extend the franchise as it had been done, and granting to them the right of electing representatives, and thus sharing in the Government of their native land, and having now thus extended the franchise, he and the Government would be deceiving the people, and contradicting all the professions that they had come forward under, if they should not be strenuous in their resistance of any attempt to carry the extension further. The Government had come forward with a complete measure of reform, which the people had adopted as the new charter of their liberties; it had been so extensive as to alarm many, who, however, consented to go the length of it upon the distinct pledge that it was to be taken as a final measure. If, then, it should be attempted to bring forward any measure for shortening the duration of Parliament, or a still further extensive alteration, by the protection, as it was falsely called, of the vote by balloting, he now announced (and he spoke the sentiments of his honorable colleagues) that any such measure would meet with their most decided opposition."

A remarkable instance of self-devotion to consistency, and the cause of civil liberty, was witnessed at the Windsor election, in the case of a man named Tutton, who, in his generous enthusiasm for the cause of independence, left his dying bed, opposed to the entreaties of his wife, to the advice of two physicians and his friends, and was conveyed to the poll, where he gave his vote in favor of the independence of the borough, and expired a few minutes afterwards! Sir John de Beauvoir had also begged that he would not leave his home, in the dangerous state he was in, to record his vote.

STATE OF OPORTO.

His Majesty's ship Royalist arrived on Wednesday with a mail from Portugal. The dates from Lisbon are old; they are of the 1st instant. The few letters received from Oporto are to the 11th instant; they furnish news of much importance relative to the rapid increase of the fortifications of the Douro by the troops of Don Miguel, particularly of the fort which commands the bar: the number of guns has been augmented, and a great proportion are stated to be heavy artillery. In place of being an open battery, it is now surrounded by walls, assuming the appearance of a regular fortification.

The following letter, stuck up at Lloyd's, will prove the efficiency of the fort,—

'OPORTO, Dec. 10.

'A large Brazilian brig, from Maranham (prize to one of Don Pedro's ships;) a French vessel, with 400 barrels of flour; and a Portuguese hiate, from the island, with oil, have been sunk by the batteries.'

The private letters from Oporto give the most gloomy accounts of the state of that unfortunate city, a population by the last census of 85,000 souls (of course a great number have left it) without food; even the army scantily supplied; no fresh meat or vegetables; cannon balls and shells continually falling upon them night and day, threatening the entire destruction of the place. It is stated that the army of Miguel will not again attack the town, but will enforce the blockade by sea and land, and reduce it to a heap of ruins by the heavy artillery and the bombs; of course the inhabitants would wish to put an end to the state of siege, by submission to Don Miguel.

The termination of this horrid state of affairs is, however, fast approaching, as the accounts in the City are, that Don Pedro has received his death blow in London; the bills drawn by his order for his forced loan, &c. in Oporto having been refused acceptance by his agents in the City, his finances are exhausted. It is truly pitiable to see the numbers of maimed and half-starved adherents of his cause, lately returned from Oporto, without having received payment for their services, around the doors of the agents, praying for their money, in a state of actual destitution, with orders for payment—deluded with the idea that the bits of paper, stating the amount of arrears, would be paid forthwith in London. These persons are certainly adventurers, and generally of the worst description. Their statements may be untrue, but that the finances of Don Pedro are exhausted, there can be no doubt, or of the refusal of his agent to accept the bills drawn from Oporto.

Latest from Holland.—The Boston Atlas announces the arrival of the brig Alexander, Capt. Pendleton, from New Dieppe, whence she sailed on the 29th December, but brought no papers. Capt. P. furnished the first intelligence in Boston of the fall of Antwerp. It will be observed by the reader of the intelligence received at New York, that little has been said of the loss of life occasioned by the defenders of the citadel to the assailants. Capt. P. reports that the loss of the French was computed at from 16,000 to 18,000 men. The citadel was taken possession of on the 25th. The loss of the Dutch was not known. Ten thousand bombs were thrown by the French into the citadel, which destroyed all the provisions and water of the besieged. General Chasse defended the citadel two days after the destruction of his provisions and water.

Capt. Pendleton further states that the impression prevailed that a general war would be the inevitable consequence. It was supposed that the Dutch would be assisted by the Russians, Prussians, and Austrians. Indeed, it was reported that a Russian army of 100,000 men were on their march for the frontiers of Belgium and Holland.

The number of vessels reported at the Liverpool Dock Office during the six months ending 24th December, was 6411, comprising an aggregate of 794,474 tons. During the same period of 1831, 6,378 vessels, comprising an aggregate of 804,810 tons.—Increase of vessels from 1831 to 1832, 33; decrease of tonnage, 10,336 tons. Of the whole number of vessels arrived during the six months, ending 24th Dec. 1832, 1264 were from foreign countries, viz: from British America 261, United States 257, South America 92, Belgium 83, West Indies 82, Holland 69, France 65, Mediterranean 40, Africa 39, East Indies 30, Newfoundland 28, Spain 27, Prussia 24, Portugal 22, Asia (west side) 22, Germany 19, Sweden and Norway 11, Mexico 8, New South Wales 3, Denmark, Shetland, and Terceira, 2 each. —*U. S. Gaz.*

Among the prizes awarded by the Paris Academy of Sciences, at their last sitting, was the following:—'To Israel Robinet, workman, for the substitution of the action of a machine for that of the human lungs, in glass blowing, 8,000 francs. By means of this valuable invention the health of the glass blower will, in future, be preserved, and the product of his manufacture greatly improved, both as regards accuracy of form and the capability of making articles of greater dimensions than was formerly possible.'

Hereditary Deformity.—A French lady (Mad. D.) has had twelve children, nine boys and three girls. One of the boys had a supernumerary toe on the left foot; another had six toes on each foot. The eldest brother, who has no superabundant toes, has six children, one of whom has the additional toe. One of the daughters had a supernumerary finger on the hand; it was amputated when she was an infant. A sister of Mad. D. had several children; one of them had the supernumerary toe, she (the mother) being free from it.

There are, in Calcutta, five daily and eight weekly newspapers, six monthly journals, two quarterlies, and two annuals.

The Jews.—It has been customary, in all Christian nations, to regard and treat this unfortunate people as bad citizens. This is an unworthy and unfounded prejudice. In the recent seige of Antwerp, the gallant defence of Fort St. Laurent was made by the 10th Dutch Regiment, composed chiefly of Jews. They behaved gallantly.

In this country they are, in intelligence, worth, and patriotism, inferior to no class of our citizens.—*Balt. Amer.*

From the Baltimore American.

The probabilities of a general war in Europe are discussed in the following manner, in a late number of Bell's London Messenger. Since the article was written the Citadel of Antwerp has fallen, as the writer anticipated, but that fact, it will be seen, does not change his opinions as to the probable chances of a more extended conflict.

THE CONTINENTAL POWERS, AND THE SIEGE OF ANTWERP.

The more we reflect upon the extraordinary state of things in which England has been placed by the Dutch war, the more are we led to entertain apprehensions that Prussia has conceived some designs which her Government is only waiting for a seasonable opportunity to bring into execution. Giving the King of Holland and his Ministry the credit of possessing only common sense and ordinary prudence, it is inconceivable that they should oppose a resistance so wholly useless, and so necessarily expensive, as the holding out of Antwerp, unless under the strong conviction that Prussia would advance to their aid in their time of need. When we further add, the state paper which Prussia has lately issued, and rather ostentatiously published, as a kind of manifesto, in the face of Germany and Europe, these apprehensions necessarily become strengthened. In this paper, the King of Prussia denounces, in as strong terms as possible, short only of the declaration of actual hostility, the war of France and Britain against Holland, and then proceeds to add—that this state of things renders it necessary for his Prussian Majesty to advance two corps of his own army, to place them in position upon the Rhine and the Maes. Nor does the matter stop here. Russia and Austria having, as it would appear, made some secret treaty with Prussia, have delivered a similar declaration, upon their parts, to the two courts of St. James and the Tuileries, and it is now an admitted point, that those three powers are in strict league and alliance against some apprehended consequences of the union of England and France.

It further appears, from the concurrent language of the German papers, that there is a very general opinion prevalent in Prussia and Germany, that the popular Governments in France, and now in England, directly menace the safety of the actual forms under which Prussia, Russia, and Austria have been so long governed.

We have always entertained the expectation that the French and English war against Holland would be accompanied by some untoward event, which would produce a general war in the opening of the spring.

It appears very probable that Antwerp may surrender before the commencement of the New Year, but it is very improbable that the active interference of France will terminate with the capture of Antwerp. Portugal and Spain are both, as it were, in the field, to obtain popular governments and representative legislatures; the Papal States are equally agitated from the same cause, and in all cases England and France have already indicated their disposition to interpose. In Poland, the English and French governments are known to have a large party, and it happens to be within our knowledge that the King of Prussia required of the English Foreign Secretary to recall an English diplomatic officer, upon the ground of his known friendly sentiments towards the Poles. Now, is it not evident, that all these circumstances must very sorely have indisposed the jealous powers of Austria, Russia, and Prussia against us? We forget the name of the English resident, or envoy, who, so recently as last summer, wrote a memorial to the Pope against his ill government of the ecclesiastical state of Bologna, Ferrara, Ancona, &c., but we remember the sentiment of surprise which the publication of this memorial caused in all persons accustomed to the grave and sober management of public affairs.

The loan which Russia is now negotiating in the British market cannot be considered otherwise than as a war loan. The assertion that it is required for internal improvements only, can deceive no one. It is no more intended for a canal or rail road than for public charities. That Russia will accomplish this loan, even in the British market, we can easily believe, because her government has good security to offer. Indeed, the Russian national security is as high as that of any other power in Europe, except that of England. Money bears a price like any other commodity, and there seems no more objection to Russia obtaining a loan in this country, (if she have the equivalent to pledge,) than there would be to her purchasing so much woollen goods or colonial produce.

There is this difference between the acts of individuals and those of communities:—In an individual it would be an act of gross immorality and direct wickedness to lend money, or to sell gunpowder or warlike stores to a king or state, by whom there is every reason to believe such money or stores of war would be employed in warfare against our own country or our allies. But as regards states and communities, it becomes absolutely necessary to allow this dealing in *general*, leaving to every man's conscience to make the exception; because any other rule would interfere with the freedom of commerce—and because, considering that our refusal to afford the supply would in no degree prevent the hostile state from procuring the same materials from other quarters, it is expedient to suffer our own merchants and money scriveners to reap the profit. What we mean to say is, that Russia will certainly procure this loan, and that there is no impolicy in the British Government in not interposing to prevent it. Still we cannot but apprehend, that the main object of Russia, in endeavoring to effect it, is to be prepared for that state of war upon which she is all but resolved to venture. In truth, we believe that Russia wants this money to march her troops from the Vistula to the Rhine, and that the Prussian corps are now only in advance of her.

Our own opinion is, that there will be no peace in Europe, until Belgium and France be effectually dissevered, and something like an agreement upon terms mutually satisfactory be concluded between the King of Holland and King Leopold. It is absurd to talk of the independence of Belgium under present circumstances, and particularly when we find a majority of her deputies protesting against the abject servility in which Leopold and his ministers have placed her, as regards France, and when we also find that these ministers are resigning on account of this national opprobrium.

Flanders has now become, in fact, a mere dependance upon France, and two circumstances in particular have concurred to render her so; the first, the French marriage, and secondly, the destruction of the frontier towns.

France, as is well known, is studded with fortresses on the Belgian frontier, whilst the policy of Lord Grey and Prince Talleyrand (certainly as to this point very much mistaken) has dismantled the fortresses of Belgium, and prostrated the barrier of Europe, and the fences of Germany to the earth. We have always condemned this as directly opposed to the true interests of England, and as peculiarly offensive to Holland, Prussia, and Austria. The French have maintained their own triple line of fortresses, extending on that part of the frontier from Dunkirk to Philipville. By these means they have secured to themselves every facility for the concentration and position of troops; for affording a supply of artillery, and for every other requisite of taking the field, and concealing their movements. Whilst they have thus securely guarded their own interests, and maintained the integrity of their own means of attack and defence, they have prevailed on the Belgians, under the sanction of England, to destroy their own town, and to throw open their country to the first incursions of the enemy. Now this is the point upon which Russia will insist—namely, the re-establishment of the Belgian frontier, and the restoration of those fortresses, which, by possessing the command of the sluices, and therein the means of inundating the country, constitute the most efficient defence of the state. The French know well the value of these fortresses, inasmuch as they destroyed them in the year 1794 as soon as they came into their possession.

It is impossible, we should think, that Russia, Austria, and particularly Prussia, will allow this state of things to continue—namely, the prostration of the German barrier, and this total denudation of the frontier. It is destroying the fences which the experience of all ages has proved to be necessary, against the wild boar of Europe; the restless, vain-glorious, and military Gaul, always impatient of peace, and fretting in ease.

FROM SMYRNA.

By an arrival at Boston, we have received our files of the Abeille Grecque and Journal of the isle of Syra, and also of other Greek papers, to the 11th of November. They contain a proclamation to the Greeks, in relation to the expected arrival of King Otho of Bavaria, but it adds nothing to our previous stock of information. It is said that a spirit of reform is beginning to manifest itself in the Turkish community, and that a disposition to extend and increase friendly relations between the Turks and Franks is becoming daily more evident. A Turkish grammar, in the English language, has been lately published by Arthur Lumley Davids, Esq., dedicated by permission to the Sultan, and which may be presumed to facilitate the intercourse of our countrymen not only with the Turks, but with the Armenians and Greeks of the interior.

The American frigate Constellation returned to Smyrna in safety on the 13th of October. A Greek steamboat had been lost near the island of St. Mavra, as at first reported. The Black Sea and the Archipelago were visited, during the month of September, with a terrible storm, which was accompanied by an earthquake, followed by hail.

The plague continued to rage, but with less violence, at Constantinople, and the cholera had appeared at Seres, in Romelia. Salonica was also threatened with the latter.

On the 6th of November, a great fire broke out in a bazaar at Smyrna, which, after three hours exertion, was extinguished, principally by aid afforded from two Sardinian and an Austrian frigate that were in port. No lives were lost, but the quantity of merchandise consumed was very great.

The pirates in the Archipelago have resumed their lawless practices, and many vessels have been plundered.

The Turkish fleet had returned from an expedition against that of the Egyptian Pacha, without having risked a battle. Neither seemed disposed for an encounter.

Ibraham Pacha, the son of Ali, the rebellious Pacha of Egypt, continues the war against the troops of the Sultan with undiminished success. He had assumed a very formidable attitude, and even Constantinople is deemed to be in danger from this formidable assailant. He has already advanced as far as Adana;* and unless the Porte should receive succor from some of the European powers, the stability of his throne is in jeopardy. He seems to have neither resources nor energy to meet the crisis, and is placed in a position that leaves him no other alternative than that of escaping from the wrath of a pursuing foe, by throwing himself at the feet of a treacherous friend.

* Adana lies on the river Sarus, north west of Antioch, and only a few miles from the ancient Tarsus, now called Terasea.

Resources of the European Powers.—A late number of the London Courier contains a comparative statement of the means and resources of the Great Powers of Europe immediately affected by the hostilities between Holland on the one side, and England and France on the other. The conclusion drawn by the Courier from the statement, is, that as a naval and defensive power, England stands predominant, but that as a military aggressor on the continent, she is powerless. The population of Russia is about 60 millions, Austria 33, Prussia 13, France 33, Great Britain 24. Russia is supposed to have soldiers, of all sorts, throughout her wide spread dominions, 600,000, Austria 350,000, Prussia 250,000, France 400,000, Great Britain, 110,000. The total number of vessels of war in the possession of Russia, of all descriptions, is 126, Austria 72, Prussia 2, France 320, Great Britain 504, viz:—

	Ships of the Line.	Frigates.	Other kinds.
Russia has	46	30	50
Austria	3	8	61
Prussia	2	—	—
France	60	53	207
Great Britain	162	118	324

The disposable revenue of Russia, after paying the interest of the national debt, is £11 millions, Austria 9, Prussia 6½, France 28, Great Britain 29. National debt of Russia 55 millions, Austria 60, Prussia 28, France 200, Great Britain 770. The interest on the national debt of Great Britain, is calculated at 28 millions!

According to a recent official report respecting the situation of the Bank of the Commonwealth in Kentucky, the specie and United States paper on hand is $1,145; the paper of the Bank in circulation $132,552; the notes under protest $526,114; notes in suit $158,214.—*Nat. Gaz.*

The result of the Berkshire election, under the most favorable circumstances, will, it is said, be attended with the expenditure of £10,000 to one of the candidates.

Castle Pinckney, in the harbor of Charleston, to which post the Custom House has recently been removed, is thus spoken of in a letter from an officer of the U. S. Army, published in the Winchester Republican:

"Castle Pinckney, where I am stationed, is a small, but strong castellated fortification, built upon a marsh, a small portion of which has been reclaimed for that purpose. It is within 12 or 14 hundred yards of Charleston, and completely commands the city. The walls are seven or eight feet in thickness, having embrasures for musketry, and defended by eight twenty-four pounders, two twelves, two sixes, and a ten inch howitzer. Others are to be added, which will make the place almost impregnable. Here, if matters come to the worst, the first blow will be struck, and dreadful will be the destruction to the brave and generous Carolinians, if their infatuation shall urge them to the rash step.

"The castle is defended by two companies of artillery, under the command of captains Saunders and Patrick.

"There is no intercourse, scarcely, between the officers and either of the parties in the city. Under other circumstances, this would be a pleasant post, as our boat plies twice between this and Charleston, which would afford me an opportunity of visiting the city as often as I wished. One great disadvantage is, that there is not room enough for exercise, the whole space, beyond the reach of the tide, not being much more than half an acre. The marsh, however, is fast filling up with oyster shells, which in a few years will afford a firm foundation.

"Fort Moultrie is situated on Sullivan's island, about five miles from Charleston; and, until the recent belligerent attitude of South Carolina, was in rather a defenceless condition. They are now repairing the fort, manning it with ordnance of various calibre, and surrounding it with piquets for infantry. The island is thickly studded with houses—built exclusively for summer residences; whither the fashion, the beauty, and chivalry of Charleston congregate every summer, to enjoy the fine sea breeze, and perhaps, sea-bathing. The dwellings, surrounded by piazzas—the palmetto, the boast and pride of the Carolinians—the Spanish bayonet, (an evergreen from 10 to 15 feet high)—the soft, elastic atmosphere,—altogether produced such an impression upon me that I could very readily imagine myself in some oriental village, so entirely different was every thing from what I had been accustomed to."

The legislature of Delaware have passed strong Resolutions declaring that it is not expedient for Congress 'to call a Convention for proposing amendments to the Constitution' at this time. Shakspeare calls England 'a little body with a mighty heart.' Delaware has a constitutional heart in the inverse ratio of her size.—*Nat. Gaz.*

"State Banks."—There is much reason to believe that banking institutions, founded more or less on the funds or credit of the states, will be established in several of them. Many people seem to think that, to make money plenty, and even satisfy "balances of trade," nothing more is necessary than to set the paper-mills to work. The prospect before us, and on several accounts, is a fearful one. New clans of would-be great men are forming every where; and *politicians*, having sucked the orange, will cast the skin to the people—that they may chew it, at leisure. The curse of the agricultural interest has been in the multiplication of banks; and what has been, may be.—*Niles.*

Vocal Machinery of Birds.—It is difficult to account for so small a creature as a bird making a tone as loud as some animals a thousand times its size; but a recent discovery has shown that, in birds, the lungs have several openings communicating with corresponding air-bags or cells, which fill the whole cavity of the body from the neck downwards, and into which the air passes and repasses in the progress of breathing. This is not all: the very bones are hollow, from which air pipes are conveyed to the most solid parts of the body, even into the quills and feathers. The air being rarified by the heat of the body, adds to their levity. By forcing the air out of the body, they can dart down from the greatest heights with astonishing velocity. No doubt the same machinery forms the basis of their vocal powers, and at once resolves the mystery.—*Gardner's Music of Nature.*

Buttons.—The U. S. Gazette mentions having seen a specimen of Buttons, manufactured by Messrs. Robinson, Jones & Co. of Attleboro,' Mass. which excelled in beauty any thing of the kind heretofore exhibited. They were of various sizes and patterns—some smooth gilt, and others stamped with appropriate devices for the military and naval services. One set, peculiarly neat and beautiful, are stamped with designs representing the field sports of England, including something like fifteen or twenty varieties. The daily product of this factory is now stated to be 150 groce. Orders from the wholesale dealers in the principal cities are daily increasing, and are now sufficiently extensive to secure the employment in the factory of more than one hundred persons.—*Balt. Pat.*

Pittsburgh Bank Note Exchange,

CORRECTED semi-monthly, at N. Holmes' Exchange Office, No. 33 Market Street.

Pennsylvania.		*New Jersey.*	
Bank of Pittsburgh	par	St. Bk. at N. Brunsw.	1
Philadelphia Banks	do	Trenton Bank	do
Bucks county Bank	do	New Brunswick	do
Carlisle Bank	do	Mount Holly	do
Germantown	do	Camden	do
Easton	do	Cumberland	do
Montgomery county	do	Newark Insurance	do
West Chester	do	State Bank at Morris	do
Farmers' Bk. Read'g	do	do. at Elizabetht'n	do
Farmers' Bk. Lanc.	do	Sussex	db
Lancaster Bank	do	Paterson bank	unc
Harrisburgh	do	*Connecticut.*	
Northampton	do	New Haven Bk. do.	2
York Bank	½	Bridgeport	do
Chambersburgh	½	Middletown bank	do
Susquehanna Br. Co.	½	Phœnix Bk. Hartford	do
Brownsville	½	*Virginia.*	
Gettysburgh	½	Richm'd & br. $5 & up.	1
Erie	1	Valley B'k & bran.	do
Pottsville Bank,	1	N. W. B'k Wheeling	½
Wilksbarre Bank	1	*Rhode Island.*	
Ohio.		Providence Banks	2
F. & M. B'k Steub.	½	Wash'gton B'k West.	do
Mount Pleasant	½	Phœnix B'k at do.	do
Western Reserve	½	N. E. Commer. Bank	do
St. Clairsville	½	Oth. R. I. notes, gen.	do
Bank of Chillicothe	½	*Georgia.*	
Lancaster B'k	½	St. B'k & Branches	5
Columbus	½	Bank of Augusta	do
Com. B'k of Cincin.	½	Planter's Bank	do
Dayton Bank	1½	Bank at Darien	do
Urbana B'k	1½	*North Carolina.*	
Muskingum B'k	1½	State bk. & branches	4
Bank Geauga	1½	B'k of C. Fear & Br.	do
Com. B'k of L. Erie	1½	B'k of Newb'rn & Br.	do
Portsmouth B'k	3	*South Carolina.*	
Canton	½	St. B'k & Branches	3
Small Notes	1½	Charleston Bank	do
New York.		All other current notes	do
City Banks	1	*Vermont.*	
Troy & Albany B'k	2	Burlington B'k	2
Mohawk Bk. Schen.	2	Windsor bank	do
Newburgh	2	Rutland do	do
Orange county	2	Bennington bank	do
Catskill	2	All other current notes	do
Auburn	2	*Massachusetts.*	
Geneva	2	Boston Bks. $5 & up.	2
Central Bank	2	Springfield	2
Chenango	2	Hamsh. Bk. N. Hamp.	2
Utica Bk. & branches	2	Salem	2
Ontario Bk. at Utica	2	Worcester	2
do. at Canandaigua		Other Massach. notes	2
Rochester		*Michigan.*	
Bank of Ithica		Bank of Michigan	2
Bank of Buffalo	2	F. & M. Bank	do
Chataque Co. B'k	2	Under 5$	2
All other current,	2	*Canada.*	
Delaware.		Bank of Canada,	4
Bank of Delaware	½	Bank of Montreal	do
Commercial Bk. Del.	½	York Bank	do
Farmers' Bk. of Del.	½	Quebec Bank	do
Branch at Newcastle	½	*Louisiana.*	
do. at Wilm'gton	½	New Orleans Bank	5
do. at Georget'n	½	Louisiana Bank	do
Wilmington & Bank	½	State Bank	do
Maryland.		*Alabama.*	
Baltimore City Bks.	par	State B. & branches	10
George's county	½	Mobile Bank	8
Annap. & br. Easton	do	*Gold.*	
Fredk. co. Hav. de Gra.	do	American,	2 prem.
Westminster	do	Eng. Guin.	4 87 a 4 95
Hagerstown	do	Sovereigns	4 70a4 70
Williamsport	do	Napoleons	3.65 a 3.70
		Doub. Span.	15.25a15.30
		Do. Patriot	5 a 11·50

JUST PUBLISHED AND FORSALE,

Near the Corner of the Diamond & Market st.

PIKE'S ARITHMETIC and Science of Numbers; with a short system of Book Keeping, by D. Leavitt. This work is highly recommended, as pre-eminent in the clearness, plainness, and usefulness of its definitons, rules, and examples. Among the best judges and teachers in the U. S. who give it the preference above all modern systems, are found the names of M. Harvey, Governor of New Hampshire; Messrs. J. Wheelock, B. Woodward, and I. Smith, President and Professors in Dartmouth University; Messrs. J. Willard, E. Wigglesworth, and S. Williams, President and Professors in the University of Cambridge; Z. S. Moore, President of Amherst College; and many others, equally eminent as good scholars and arithmeticians. This system needs only to be examined by any competent teacher, of skill and experience, in order to introduce it into his school. The Proprietor and Publisher intend to present a copy of it to every respectable teacher in Pittsburgh and Allegheny county, to whom they shall have a safe opportunity of sending it—so that, when examined, it may be adopted or rejected on its own merits. (The call of any worthy teacher in this county, for this purpose, shall be made welcome.)

On hand, also, a full assortment of BOOKS, PAPER, and STATIONERY, at prices as reasonable as any where else in Pittsburgh.

ROBERT PATTERSON,
Agent for the Proprietor.

Pittsburgh, December 4.—m3t.

Steam Boat Building.

THE subscribers respectfully inform the public, that they are carrying on the above business, in the Yard formerly occupied by John Cock, in the Borough of Bridgeport, on the Monongahela river, where those who will give them a call may rest assured that their business will be attended to with punctuality, and in a good and workmanlike manner.

JOHN S. PRINGLE,
LEONARD LANEHART,
JAMES P. McDONALD.

JOHN COCK, Architect.

☞ The Cincinnati Gazette and Louisville Advertiser will please insert the above 3 times, and charge this office. January 29—3t*

New Works.

BREWSTER'S *Letters on Natural Magic*, addressed to Sir Walter Scott, with engravings, complete in 1 vol.; being the 50th of the Family Library.

Bayard's Exposition of the Constitution of the United States; a brief exposition of the Constitution of the United States; with an Appendix, containing the Declaration of Independence, and the articles of Confederation, and a Copious Index: by James Bayard.

The Refugee in America—a Novel: by Mrs. Trollope, Author of 'Domestic Manners of the Americans:' in 2 vols.

Northanger Abbey—a Novel: by Miss Austin, Author of 'Pride and Prejudice,' &c. &c., with a Biographical Notice of the Author: in 2 vols.

Just received and for sale by

D. M. HOGAN,
73 Wood street.

January 29—3t

Notice to Bridge Builders.

WRITTEN Proposals, accompanying a plan for building a Permanent Bridge over Little Beaver Creek, at Little Beaver Mills, in Columbiana county, Ohio, will be received, at or before Friday, the fifteenth day of February next: the Span is about one hundred and ten feet between the abutments; the building will be required to be well done, in all its parts, with a good roof, &c. For further information, those persons desirous of undertaking that building, would do well to call and examine the premises; and further, if no agreement is entered into for the building of said Bridge, before the said 15th day of February next, that on that day it will be set up at public sale, at the house of John Wiley, near the site of said Bridge.

THOS. FOSTER,
SAMUEL SMITH,
JOHN SMITH,
JOB HARVEY,
CHRISTOPHER BOWEN.
Building Committee.

Attest—THOS. MOORE, Sec. to said Committee.

January 1, 1832.—t15thF

MISSOURI IRON WORKS, For Sale.

I WILL sell, on accommodating terms, my BLAST FURNACE, situated about 6 miles south of Potosi, and 40 miles over an excellent natural road to the Mississippi river at Herculaneum, or the cliffs of Selma; to which landings hauling is done at about six dollars per ton.—There are several Ore banks in the neighborhood of the Furnace, of the very best quality, and easily procured. Timber of the best quality, oak and pine, abounds all around the Furnace. Lands to any extent may be entered at $1 25 per acre, well clothed with timber. The Furnace is well supplied with patterns for making castings and stoves of almost all descriptions; and attached to it is a Machine Shop, with lathes and tools for turning and boring. Also—a SAW MILL that will cut 1200 feet of pine boards per day, and a small GRIST MILL that will grind four bushels of corn per hour. The place is healthy, and several springs of fine water on it. On the same stream there is an excellent site for a large Grist Mill, or power for any machinery that may be required, equivalent to two run of stones. My Forge is situated about six miles from the Furnace, on Cedar creek, in Belview Settlement; which affords a full supply of water for 8 months in the year, in the dryest season, and the bar iron now making equal to any manufactured in the United States.

Also—A situation for the erection of IRON WORKS on a large scale. The water power is not surpassed by any in the western country. It is situated on Big River, on the direct road from the Furnace to the Mississippi at Selma. The stream is standing, and always affords sufficient water for eight fires and two hammers. On the premises, there is a large body of Ore; timber in abundance for six or eight miles round. Land here, also, may be entered at Government price, to any extent required. This place is about 24 miles from Selma. A further description of the property is deemed unnecessary, as it is presumed any person wishing to purchase will view the premises.

I also wish to sell, or lease for a term of years, my Foundry in the city of St. Louis, heretofore occupied by P. W. & R. McQueen's; it is calculated for a Foundry and Finishing Shop, and is well situated. JOHN PERRY.

Potosi, Mo., Dec. 24, 1832. [Jan. 11.—4tw.]

Piano Fortes, Musical Instruments, and German Goods.

CHARLES L. VOLZ,
NO. TWENTY-FOUR WOOD STREET,

OFFERS for Sale, *Piano Fortes*, among which are some of the celebrated *Vienna* and *Leipzig* Manufactories, famous for their superior tone, easy action, and general workmanship: of these a steady supply will always be had, and orders can be filled at short notice.

Musical Instruments, consisting of Violins, Violoncellos, Clarinetts, Flutes, Horns, Bugles, Trombones, Fifes, Flutes, Bassoons, Flageoletts. All these being obtained *direct* from the manufactory, can be sold, Wholesale and Retail, at the lowest possible prices.

Music for the Piano Forte and other Instruments, at *reduced* prices; together with all other articles in the musical line.

Also, a variety of *German Goods*.

Dealers in the above articles, and the public in general, are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves.

July 24, 1832.—1y1&2wal.

Distillery, Merchant Mill, and Farm

FOR SALE.

A FIRST rate Distillery, Mill, and Farm for sale, in successful operation, in Washington Co. Pa., situated 33 miles south of Pittsburgh, 3 miles from the National Turnpike Road, and 3 miles from the Monongahela river.

The Distillery comprises a commodious stone building, with a steam engine and two boilers for it, used in grinding, washing, pumping, and running the Stills, all nearly new; and well calculated, on the most approved plan, for a respectable business, saving labor, and a good yield. An excellent frame corn crib, and hog-pens; the latter will hold 200 head under roof.

The Mill is a little out of repair, but its location, stream, and rich Wheat district, would deserve to be put in order for a first rate business.

The Farm contains about 133 Acres of Excellent Limestone Land; its improvements are a new Stone Mansion, two other dwelling houses, with a good barn and stables.

The whole comprising a most valuable investment for the enterprizing.

Its location is a good German settlement, where grain of every kind is plenty and cheap. A Coal Bank, of superior quality, is opened on the premises, used for the Steam Engine, and for sale to the neighborhood. Terms accommodating—for further particulars, enquire of Abishai Way, of Pittsburgh, or the owner, on the premises, near Beallsville.

JOSEPH ARMORER.

January 15—1s&w3t

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

A NUMBER of valuable BUILDING LOTS, situated in the Northern Liberties of Pittsburgh, adjoining and near the Canal Basin, are offered for sale. These lots belong to the estate of the late James S. Stevenson, Esq., deceased, are very eligibly situated for business, and will be sold on very accommodating terms. Apply to

CHARLES AVERY,
JOHN M. SNOWDEN,
JOHN THAW,
Executors of James S. Stevenson, deceased.

January 22, 1833.—wtf

PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

TUESDAY MORNING, FEB. 12, 1833.

NULLIFICATION.—One great oversight prevails, very generally, in relation to this subject. We sometimes hear it suggested that it would be better to let South Carolina secede, rather than to use force to retain her in the Union into which she had solemnly and deliberately entered. If there were none but nullifiers in that State--if the entire population had become faithless and hostile, there would be some plausibility in such a suggestion. But we must recollect that, there is a large minority, faithful to this Union--a minority which, if we permit this secession, will be persecuted and proscribed, in the *new nation*, for their fidelity to the Union. Can we, then, for one moment, think of abandoning this patriotic minority to the tender mercies of Cooper, and Hamilton, &c.?—Honesty, good faith, and every virtuous feeling would forbid such a course.

Again, some persons say, let us abandon the Tariff to conciliate the nullifiers. The objection to this course, on the ground of good faith, is almost as strong as to our assent to secession. If the protective policy is abandoned to the lawless dictation of the nullifiers, they will have earned the reputation of fearless patriots, while the Union party will be denounced and proscribed as tories, base submission men. Can we consent to place such men as Drayton, and Poinsett, and Grimke at the feet of Hamilton, and Calhoun, and that base Englishman, Cooper? Can we consent to elevate those who have proved traitors to the Union, and to prostrate and degrade those who have faithfully adhered to the Government? This is a question which should be well considered—it is one which involves the future reputation and good faith of this country.

We find the following paragraph in the Harrisburgh Chronicle, of the 7th instant, and greatly marvel at it.

'The Clay papers say *Mr. Webster* is the main supporter of Gen. Jackson, at Washington city, just now. We do not believe a word of it. 'Old Hickory' has got along for 4 years with the aid of his friends, and without Mr. W. and we cannot think *they will desert him, or he them*, in any emergency, and *set him, in his old days, to looking for new ones.* Such is not the character of Andrew Jackson.'

We have not heard that the editor of that paper had been absent, but from this remark, we opine that he must have been out of the reach of American newspapers for the last two months. President Jackson's *'friends'* will not *desert* him. Is the editor really ignorant that Calhoun, and Poindexter, and Miller, long since deserted him? Our friend at Harrisburgh will perhaps say this is an old affair, and those are Calhoun men. Well, then, does he not know that Mangum, and Brown, and Tyler, and Tazewell, and Bibb, and Rives, our late Minister to France, and John Randolph, of Roanoke, our late minister, with a roving commission, have deserted him in the most important affair of his administration? Does he not know that, of the *Jackson men* in the Senate, and no doubt, in the House too, a decided majority are opposed to the passage of the bill to enforce the collection of duties, a favorite measure of the President, and one earnestly recommended to Congress in his last Message? Does he not know that the anti Jackson men, with perhaps one exception, are in favor of this bill, and that it is only by *their* votes that it can pass? If he did *not* know all this, we would only suggest that he had better enquire before he speaks, and if he *did* know all this, then his sneer at Mr. Webster's exertions might have been spared.—Mr. Webster supports General Jackson in this crisis, not with any hope of *'spoil,'* but from the purest and most patriotic motives; and if the editor of the Chronicle could not muster impartiality enough to do him justice, he might at least have had forbearance enough to remain silent.

We observe that the Butler Repository, in publishing *Mr. Gilmore's* Speech, gives the letter of the *British Minister*, but omits his name, so that a reader could not readily conjecture who wrote it.—Was this accidental, or did the editor of that paper wish to conceal the truth from his readers?

Extract of a Letter to the Editor, dated Harrisburgh, February 8, 1833.

"The Improvement Bill from the House passed its first reading in the Senate, without amendment. I feel satisfied it will pass in its present form—so far it has had no opposition. The Committee has reported a bill to recharter the Bank of Pittsburgh, and to increase the capital to one million dollars, with a bonus of fifty thousand."

ALLEGHENY ENGINE AND HOSE CO.

At an annual meeting of the Allegheny Engine and Hose Company, held at the house of George Beale, on the 4th inst., the following persons were elected Officers for the ensuing year.

B. DARLINGTON, President,
JOHN SHERIFF, Vice President,
Robert S. Hays, *Treasurer*,
George M'Candless, *Secretary*,
S. P. Darlington, *Captain*,
Jas. A. M'Clelland, 1*st Lieutenant*,
George R. White, 2*d do.*
John Holmes, 1*st Engineer*,
John Birmingham, 2*d do.*
Wm. B. Barnett, 3*d do.*
Robert S. Hays, 4*th do.*
John V. Myers, 1*st Hose Director*,
Wm. Little, 2*d do. do.*
Rt. A. Peebles, 3*d do. do.*
James Arthur, 4*th do. do.*
J. S. Logan, 5*th do. do.*
Thos. Smith, 6*th do. do.*

The following persons were appointed assistant Hose Directors:

John Herron,	Robert Harris,
J. S. Blakely,	Edgar Gleim,
Thomas M. Way,	S. C. Hughey,
James H. Sewell, Jr.	Geo. M'Candless,
Wm. Wallace,	Wm. C. Havens.

Axe Men.

Henry King, Adam Sheriff, Lewis Peters, Jr. and A. M'Clelland.

From the Minutes.

JOHN SHERIFF, Pres. p. t.
JAS. ARTHUR, Sec. p. t.

From the Lancaster, Pa., Journal, a Jackson paper.

I spoke of Mr. Webster's defiance to Mr. Calhoun. I was much disappointed in not being enabled to remain long enough to witness the pitched battle between the two great champions. Of the result I could not permit myself to doubt. To say nothing of Mr. Webster's being on the side of the Union and the Constitution, there was that in his manner, in his eye, and tone of voice; there was that in the half averted eye and just perceptibly faultering accents of Mr. Calhoun, which fastened upon the mind of every observer a conviction that the nullifier dreds the encounter, while the eastern Senator is eager and anxious to meet it: and that the doctrines of nullification will be crushed to atoms in the folds of reason and truth.

UNITED STATES' BANK.

The Richmond Enquirer gives currency to a rumor, 'that the Committee of Ways and Means will report a bill for *selling the United States' shares of the Bank Stock*, under certain limitations—one of which is, that it shall not sell *below par*.'

The New York Standard, another depository of the confidence of the Government, says 'We have the best reason for believing that the Committee of Ways and Means will, in accordance with the recommendation of the President in his Annual Message, *advise the sale of all the stocks held by the Government.*'

We think we understand all this. Notwithstanding the recommendation to Congress to reduce still further the revenue, and the attempt to break down the Bank of the United States, *the funds of the Government are likely to run short between this and the first of January next. A Loan* would be a measure quite too unpopular to be thought of: so the Government Stock in the Bank is to be turned into money, at par. The effect of which will be, to sell stock bearing 7 per cent. in preference to creating stock (by a loan) bearing 4½ per cent.—by which the Treasury will *gain a loss* of 2½ per cent. on seven millions of dollars, or about a hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars a year! Is it not so?—*Nat. Intel., Feb.* 5.

Most Melancholy.--The Rival, which sailed from Greenock for Oporto, on the 22d of November, with a crew of 37 men and 428 passengers, for the service of Don Pedro, was totally lost on the 4th of December, near Galway, and every soul on board perished. The vessel was commanded by Mr. William Wallace, and the men for Portugal were under the charge of Capt. Bygraves. The passengers were chiefly mechanics journeymen operatives, weavers, and laborers, from almost every town and village in the West of Scotland, but principally from Galway.

Our Canal.—We learn with pleaure, from a source to be entirely relied upon, that the progress of the work upon the Chesapeak and Ohio Canal has been such, within a few months past, as to exceed expectation, and agreeably to disappoint most of those who are engaged in it. During the month of May, ensuing, we learn that the water will be admitted into the whole line of the Canal from tide water to the head of Harper's Ferry Falls, so as to make that whole distance navigable at once. The workmen are putting the coping on the Aqueduct across the Monocacy, which is said to be a splendid structure, not excelled, if equalled, by any thing of the kind in the United States, and in two weeks that work will be completed. We learn, further, that more than one-half of the lockage to Cumberland is overcome in reaching the head of the Harper's Ferry Falls, though that is but one-third of the distance.—*Nat. Intel.*

Ohio Canal.—During the past year there arrived at Cleaveland, via the Canal, 288,722 bushels of Wheat: 54,404 barrels of flour; 13,801 barrels of Pork; 2,150 bbls. of Whiskey; 261,026 lbs: Pot and Pearl Ashes; 549,223 lbs. Butter; 85,711 lbs. Cheese; 969 hhds. Tobacco; 354,101 lbs. Lard; 656,949 feet Lumber; 12,900 bush. Mineral Coal. There were also cleared from that port, via the canal, 29,939 bbls. salt; 7,661 bbls. Fish: 5,260,535 lbs. Merchandise; 190,800 lbs. Gypsum: 113,954 ft. Lumber; 780,000 Shingles; 24 pairs Millstones.

The amount of Tolls received at Cleaveland, in 1832, was $31,710 50; in 1831, it was $26,154 64.—*Ohio Repos.*

The proceedings at Charleston are certainly not calculated to sustain our hopes, though a disposition appears to be evinced to meet any move to a reduction of the tariff by Congress, in a spirit of conciliation; and it is probable, we think, that such a reduction as it may not be unworthy of Congress to make, will be readily accepted by South Carolina as a plea for recinding her nullification Ordinance, and averting its impending mischiefs. As for an abandonment of the principle of protection, that we conceive to be out of the question. The Union cannot exist without it. Let the Southern States, who have so strenuously opposed it, withdraw in a body from the confederacy, and form a compact among themselves, and one of their first acts will be to give protection to their Commerce, Agriculture, Manufactures, and Mechanic Arts, by means of a tariff system. South Carolina must not, therefore, expect that Congress will, or even dare, to give up this long settled and beneficial policy at her bidding. A gradual reduction of the duties, to the wants of the Government, and consistently with a due regard to the interest of our manufacturers, must suffice.—*Norfolk Her.*

In the course of the formation of the canal under Mount Cacillo, at Tivoli, for the purpose of turning the Arno from its present bed, a large Roman tomb was discovered, containing thirty bodies, in a perfect state of preservation, with some very rare medals and curious inscriptions. The name of Lesbia appears in several of these last, and from the tomb being in the neighborhood of the Villa of Catullus, antiquarians conclude that this was the last resting place of that poet's mistress.

The Richmond Whig, of Saturday, 2d inst., has this article.

'*Important from Washington.*—We learn, thro' a private letter from Washington, that the Judiciary Committee of the House, four to three, have decided against the use of force! Mr. Coulter, of Pennsylvania, one of the most distinguished citizens of that state, and one of the ablest members of the House, voted with the majority.'

Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road.—We learn, says a Baltimore paper of Friday last, from a gentleman who came in the train of cars from Frederick, that the distance between Sykesville and Ellicott's, being 17¼ miles, notwithstanding the numerous curvatures on this part of the road, was run in sixty one minutes, and that during a portion of the way the party traveled at the rate of twenty-four miles an hour. The train consisted of four cars, conveying about sixty passengers.

State Sovereignty.—What a mockery Gen. Hamilton is making of the sovereignty of South Carolina! A Convention has been assembled, which has ordained, in the most solemn manner, that the Tariff laws shall not be executed within that state after the first day of February. The Legislature have been called together, and have passed acts to prevent their execution. Cannon, muskets, and munitions of war have been purchased, and arrangements made for the march of troops to enforce this *peaceful remedy.* The state is placed in her panoply, and stands in her sovereignty ready to execute the high behests of her august Convention.

But, ere the fatal day arrives, Gen. Hamilton and his associates collect together a few hundred of the people of Charleston in the circus, and there resolve and declare, in substance, if not in form, that they will not obey the sovereign voice of their state on the first of February; that the execution of the Ordinance and the Legislative acts, and the obligation of their oaths to enforce them, *shall be postponed until March!!* Is not this a solemn mockery of that state sovereignty, which is *professedly* so much the object of their adoration?—*Washington Globe.*

Improved Saw.—On the subject of Ustick's improvement in Saws, it is stated, that the advantages in sawing boards smooth are many—they will not require planeing, but are ready for weather boarding and flooring, and will generally be preferred by lumber merchants—commanding an advance in price of from 2 to 3 dollars per thousand feet. In the next place, the saw cannot furz, which has been a great difficulty heretofore. The saw cuts with about twice the facility and velocity, and is kept in order very easily.—*N. Y. Adv.*

We understand that a steam engine has been built in our borough, by our enterprizing citizen, Mr. John Snowden, for the general Government, and forwarded to the public works now being erected at Savannah, Georgia, where it is to be put in operation; it is said to have been a complete piece of workmanship, and we hope will serve as a recommendation to our place.—*Brownsville Philanthropist.*

Banks of New Orleans.—We learn from the Message of Governor Roman, that the Capital of the Banks, in that city, amount to the enormous sum of nearly *twenty-six millions of dollars.*—*Poulson.*

Hon. John Gilmore.—This gentleman was elected to Congress from the district then composed of the counties of Allegheny, Beaver, Butler, and Armstrong, which, to a great extent, are manufacturing and wool-growing counties, and consequently are deeply interested in the protection and encouragement of domestic manufactures.—This being the case, his constituents had good reason to believe that he would be the last man to desert the interests of Pennsylvania. In this they have been deceived—he has turned traitor, and joined the ranks of the enemies of the *American System.* We believe he is the only one of the Pennsylvania Delegation that has deserted the interests of his constituents, and is willing to abandon the protective system—the welfare and prosperity of the Union—to appease the Nullifiers of South Carolina. We are glad to perceive that the Fallston meeting, composed of many who supported Mr. Gilmore's election to Congress, has passed a vote of censure upon his course in relation to the Tariff.—*Beaver Argus.*

Extract from the Speech of Mr. Frelinghuysen, on the Revenue Collection Bill.

'I have done, continued Mr. Frelinghuysen, with this part of the case. For the purpose of keeping all power in check, the Judiciary was established. The framers of the constitution hoped to obtain, through it, a peaceful mode for the adjustment of all constitutional questions. In a country of wider extent than all Europe, and embracing, under one Government, many distinct communities, they hoped to secure perpetual peace and tranquility by this arbiter of peace. Compare the operation of this peaceful check with the resort to which Europe is accustomed for the preservation of the balance of power. Must we have the sword or the court as our arbiter? Europe has tried the sword, and has shed rivers of blood in the vain pursuit of the balance of power.

We rely upon the peaceful energy of our institutions. Europe, on the thunder of her cannon, and the clangor of her arms. Poor Holland is about to pay dearly for this balance of power. For two hundred years it has deluged Europe with blood. Here we have it in a peaceful tribunal, by which the tranquillity of the country, and the safety of our institutions may be preserved for years to come. Just and certain retribution will come upon those who destroy this peaceful arbiter, and set up the sword in its stead. Here is the system, sir, as I understand it, and as I, with my latest breath, will maintain it. I regard this system as by far the greatest political blessing ever given by Providence to any people. To it I trace all our happiness and prosperity. In this day, of our highest prosperity, when our fountains are all full, and our streams running over, do not let a sister state rashly overturn the institutions which are the sources of our happiness. How painful is the crisis which seeks disunion; and which would split us up into disgraced and bleeding fragments. This nullification, if it prevail, will yet meet a tremendous retribution, in the execrations of all future times.'

The Absorbing Topic.—An earnest solicitude which the public must feel to learn the direction and probable issue of our national affairs, has induced us to insert the debates in the Senate of the United States, upon the great and momentous question now pending before that body, as fast as we receive them. This is done, to the necessary exclusion, for the present, of many literary notices and current events that would otherwise find place in our columns.

The Ordinance of South Carolina commenced its operation yesterday; but the present attitude of that State is scarcely less singular than the aspects of the times in relation to individuals. The controversy between Governor Hayne and Mr. Webster, three years ago, in the Senate of the U. States, presented the germ which is now ripening into bitter fruits. The speeches of Gov. Hayne were then held by the exclusives to contain the genuine doctrines of republicanism. They were industriously circulated and printed on satin; whilst those of Mr. Webster were stigmatized as the outpourings of inveterate federalism. *Sed tempora mutantur.* Experience has now proved, what political prescience then predicted. The gulf of perdition to which the doctrines of nullification were inevitably leading, long hidden by the obscurations of party spirit, are now disclosing: and none start back from it with greater horror than some of those who were most active in propelling us into it. Daniel Webster whose eye measured the danger and whose tongue gave the note of warning—who was then denounced and abused—is now very justly appealed to, as the main supporter of the administration. To him, more perhaps than to any one else, are we to look to arrest the dangers of the crisis. After the skirmishings between the outposts, it is understood that Mr. Calhoun will make his great display in favor of nullification, and that Mr. Webster will close the debate in behalf of the Constitution. Great, as we concede the talents of Mr. Calhoun to be, there is no doubt as to the side on which the victory will be gained. If Calhoun is great—Webster is greater—greater in talents and in the justice of his cause. Nor will it be a trifling auxiliary to his efforts, that he is sustained by personal consistency—for he has only to give forth a second edition of the same arguments that he made use of in dispelling the mists and fustian of Gov. Hayne, with the superadded force of the influence arising from facts which his forecast discerned.—*N. Y. Spectator.*

The Three per Cent. Stock.—The arrangement for the redemption of the portion of this Stock, held in Europe, so advantageously to the People and to the Government, by the Bank of the United States, having been a subject of so much and gross misrepresentation in some quarters, we are glad to be able to state, on the authority of a Letter received by a Member of Congress (the authenticity of the source of which cannot be questioned) the advices of the Certificates of much the greater portion of that Stock have been already received from England, leaving yet to be received Certificates to the amount of not quite a Million and a Quarter of Dollars. It is a subject of much satisfaction to those who have stood by that Institution, to see how completely, pursuing the even tenor of its onward course, it discharges faithfully all its obligations to the People, and thus effectually refutes the charges trumped up against it.—*Nat. Intel.*

SETH BRALEY.

Singular.—Taunton Gaol.—During the past year sixty-six individuals have been committed to this gaol for debt; and fifty-two for criminal offences. About half the debtors were released within a week from the time of their committal, and thirteen of the criminals were brought from New Bedford gaol, to be tried in this town. There are now in gaol, one debtor and five criminals, including *Seth Braley.* Twenty-eight years ago, last October, this individual, a sea captain of New Bedford, was brought to this town for murdering his wife, and afterwards attempting to kill himself, by cutting his throat. He was supposed by some to have been insane, and by others to have affected insanity in order to avoid the penalty which the law inflicts upon the murderer. He was brought to the bar to answer for the offence; but he refused to plead, and the evidence of mental derangement was sufficient to induce the Judges, after an examination of the case, to remand him to prison, as it would be manifestly unsafe for him to go at large. Year after year has since rolled away, and the story of the murder has faded from the recollection of the community, until it is a circumstance of rare occurrence for any one to inquire after the insane man.

Twenty-eight years have passed away, and old Braley is still in his gloomy cell. A generation have passed the earth since he was first immured within the desolate walls of his prison house, and yet he is not permitted to go at large. During the whole of this term, he has never been sick, with the exception of a slight cold, which lasted him but two or three days. During the slight indisposition, he was asked if he would have a physician 'No,' said he, 'don't bring your doctors here. Nature must work its own cure.' He has never been shaved during his long confinement; yet his keeper informed us that he was very cleanly. At one time he was afflicted by the tooth ache; a physician came to extract the tooth, but he would not permit him to enter the cell for that purpose. He took the instrument from him, and having fastened it upon his tooth, he extracted it himself.

For four years past, he has had an inmate of which he seems very fond. It is a cat;—at night she reposes upon his bed, and a great part of the day, she sits upon his shoulder. She eats from the same dish, and he usually permits her first to put in her paw and take out the piece she likes best. She sometimes comes out of the cell, but soon returns. Without her he soon becomes uneasy. He generally appears to be contented with his lot, except when the subject of the cause of his imprisonment is introduced; then he winds up his story by saying, 'I am ready for trial. Why do they not try me?'

These are some of the facts in relation to old Braley. Let those to whom God is continuing their reason be grateful, and testify their gratitude by never resorting to any of those stimulants which tend to drive her from her throne.

Antwerp.—At our latest advices from the seat of the Belgic war, Gen. Chasse remained in the Citadel with the forces under his command, awaiting the decision of the King of Holland, whether to surrender the other Dutch fortresses in Belgium, as the condition of being permitted, with the garrison, to march out with flying colors. To this alternative, which had been prescribed by Gen. Gerard, the King of Holland, the editors of the New York Commercial learn, by a passenger in the brig Alexander, arrived at Boston, from Amsterdam, positively refused his assent. Gen. Chasse thereupon, pursuant to the arrangement previously acceded to, marched out with his garrison, laid down their arms, and surrendered themselves prisoners of war. Thus stood the matter at our latest dates. —*Balt. Amer, Feb.* 7.

In an article on the relative value of the productive industry of Massachusetts and South Carolina, the editor of the Northampton Courier remarks—

'South Carolina has a population of 581,000, (315,000 of them slaves,) and an extent of territory equal to 28,000 square miles. Massachusetts has a population of 610,000, and territorial limits amounting to 7,500 square miles. Now mark the difference of the productive character of the two States, notwithstanding richness of soil and luxurious temperature of climate are both on the side of Carolina. In 1831, South Carolina imported $1,238,000, and exported $6,575,000 worth of raw and other materials. Massachusetts, with a hard soil, cold climate, and geographical territory of one fourth the extent of S. Carolina, surpasses her in both these important particulars. The imports into this State, in 1831, were $14,269,000, and the exports during the same period of time were $7,733,000! These are authenticated facts, and they serve to exhibit from whence comes national wealth; and how it originates; not from extended rich territory, meagerly cultivated, but from hard soil diligently tilled, and from the enhanced value close industry imparts to the raw products which come out of it.'

Wanton Attack.—In the House of Representatives of the United States, on Thursday last, Mr. Adams' resolutions calling upon the Secretary of the Treasury for explanations as to parts of his Report, coming up—Mr. Kennon, of Ohio, in the course of some remarks made in opposition to it, said, among other things, that if he were now, or ever had been, unfriendly to the gentleman from Massachusetts, his desire would have been: Oh, that he might write a book; that that book might be a poem; and that poem might be called "Dermot M'Morrogh."

[Here the Speaker called Mr. K. to order.]

Mr. Stewart, of Pa., said in reply, that he should be very sorry to follow his (Mr. K's) example in the cold, deliberate, unprovoked, and disorderly attack he had made on the venerable and distinguished gentleman from Massachusetts (Mr. Adams,) which, however, he hoped the gentleman from Massachusetts would not condescend to notice.

Mr. Adams did not condescend to notice it, and treated it, as it deserved to be treated, *with contempt.*

FOR RENT,

FROM the first of April next, the Commodious Brick Dwelling House, in the Borough of Allegheny, now in the occupancy of M. Tiernan, Esq.

It is pleasantly situated on the second bank, with a Garden, Stable, Pump, &c. attached to it. The rent will be moderate. Enquire of M. Tiernan, 46 Wood street, Johnston & Stockton, No. 37 Market street, or

D. C. STOCKTON.

Feb. 12, 1833.—3t.

SALE of Superior Household and Kitchen Furniture, on Thursday, the 15th inst. at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the residence of S. Colwell, Esq. in Allegheny town—consisting of the following articles, viz: Mahogany Sideboard, Mahogany Dining Breakfast, Card, and Dressing Tables, Bureaus, Wardrobe, Wash Stands, Cane Seat & Fancy Windsor Chairs, High and French Post Bedsteads, Feather Beds and Bedding, Fire Irons and Fenders, Carpets, Hearth Rugs, Table Covers and Mats, Mantel and Pier Glasses, Astral and Mantel Lamps, Candlesticks, Waiters, Venetian Window Blinds, 1 Set Brittania Ware, Gilt Edged China Tea Set, Liverpool Dinner Set, 142 pieces, Rich Cut Glass Decanters, Tumblers and Wines, an excellent Mantel Clock, a good Cow, with a variety of Kitchen Furniture, Garden Tools, &c. &c. Terms at Sale.

LYNCH & BUTTERWORTH,
Auctioneers.

Feb. 12, 1833.—1t*

TAKE NOTICE.

FOR SALE 350 ACRES OF LAND, in Butler county, five miles from Butler town, on which are two good banks of Iron Ore, one of which is four feet deep, called Primitive Ore; the other called Shell Ore. There are also several banks of excellent Stone Coal on the premises, and also a quantity of Free stone for building: the main body of Conoquenessing creek runs through the same. All will be disposed of on very moderate terms. For conditions, apply to the subscriber, near the premises, or to Mr. Wm. Beatty, Inn keeper, in the borough of Butler.

JOHN NEYMAN.

January 18, 1833.—3t*

REMOVAL.

TASSEY & CHURCH

HAVE Removed to the extensive Ware-Houses, Numbers 108 and 110, Second, between Wood and Smithfield streets, lately occupied by Messrs. Cochran & Irwin, where they intend keeping constantly on hands, a full supply of all articles in the

GROCERY LINE,

TOGETHER WITH AN ASSORTMENT OF
JUNIATA IRON AND NAILS, COPPER, TIN PLATE, AND WIRE.

Feb. 12, 1833.—tf

REGARDER FIXEMENT.

THE subscriber, living near Little Beaver Bridge, Columbiana county, Ohio, proprietor of that noted and valuable Stand, in the town of Wooster, Wayne county, Ohio, formerly occupied (and ever since its erection) by Mr. John Hemperley, as a Tavern or *Hotel*, is desirous of renting the same from the first day of April next, at which time possession may be had. The house is spacious and well finished, fronting on Market street, a short distance from the Public Square; there is on the premises abundance of stables and other out-buildings, where the public stages, heretofore, generally stopped; there is also two or three meadow lots, convenient, that may be had with the other property. The rent will be made low, inquire of the subscriber, or John Larwill, Esq., of that place, who will treat on the terms. No person need apply who cannot show satisfactory proof of his integrity and moral worth.

JOHN BEVER.

February 12.—t1A.

FOR SALE,

A TRACT OF LAND, situate on Long Run, Versailles township, Allegheny county, containing about 149 acres and allowance, &c., part of which is cleared and having a Log Dwelling House, &c.

Also, A Small Tract of Land, on the Youghiogany river, containing about 25 acres, on which is a Small Dwelling House and Salt Well, &c.

Also, Two Small Lots of Ground, containing about 14 acres, on Long Run, adjoining Woods' Mill—principally cleared.

☞Terms made known by the subscriber, at his office, in the Diamond, city of Pittsburgh.

SAMUEL GORMLY,
Administrator, &c. of the Estate of Robert Smith.

February 12, 1833.—8w

Brewery for Sale.

THE PHŒNIX BREWERY, situated in Kensington, Pittsburgh, is offered for sale on reasonable terms. The Brewery and Buildings attached to it are in good order. For terms, apply to Walter H. Lowrie, Esq., Pittsburgh, or to the subscriber.

WILLIAM JOYCE,
East Liberty.

Feb. 12, 1833.—wtf.

☞Advocate publish weekly till forbid, and charge advertiser.

UNION CANAL LOTTERY

OF PENNSYLVANIA,

CLASS No. 4, for 1833: to be drawn in Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, the 22d February, 1833. Yates & M'Intyre, Managers.—Sixty-Six Number Lottery---Ten Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	$40,000 is	$40,000
1	15,000	15,000
1	6,000	6,000
1	5,000	5,000
1	3,000	3,000
1	1,320	1,320
10	1,000	10,000
10	500	5,000
10	400	4,000
10	300	3,000
20	250	5,000
55	200	10,000
56	100	5,600
56	80	4,880
112	70	7,840
2296	40	91,840
15400	10	154,000
45760 tickets.		$366,080

Tickets,	$10 00	Halves,	$5 00
Quarters,	2 50	Eighths,	1 25

Orders from abroad, enclosing Cash, or Prize Tickets in former lotteries, will be promptly attended to.

The 'Despatch,' containing an official statement of the drawing, will be forwarded to each adventurer. When five dollars or more is sent for tickets, postage need not be paid. Packages of wholes and shares prepared, and will be sold by certificate or otherwise. Cash paid for prizes on presentation. Apply to, or address,

S. J. SYLVESTER.

Feb. 12, 1833.

CITY HOTEL TO RENT.

THIS well known Tavern, at present occupied by Mr. E. Town, is offered for rent, for one or more years. It is situated in St. Louis, corner of Vine and Third streets: presenting a front of 86 feet on Third street, and 112 on Vine street. The house contains 36 spacious and comfortable lodging rooms, one dining room 65 feet by 26 feet; a bar room, and sitting rooms; two store rooms: two kitchens; one spacious smoke house; an ice house; two cellars, &c. The house is so well known over the whole western country that it is needless to say any thing respecting its many advantages—the proprietor will merely observe that his principal purpose is to procure a first rate *Tavern Keeper*, that a high rent is not his object, but that every facility will be afforded to a tenant of this description; and that he is determined, at every sacrifice, to make the City Hotel one of the best public houses in the western country. A gentleman possessing the necessary qualifications to conduct such a house, and having the required means, will find it to his advantage to make immediate application. Possession will be given on the 10th day of February next. Apply to

L. A. BENOIST,
St. Louis.

Feb. 12, 1833.—w4t

TO RENT,

THE Splendid Store House, at present occupied by S. J. Sylvester, corner of Fourth and Wood streets. Possession given on 1st April. For terms, enquire of Dr. E. Hale, Allen Kramer, S. P. Darlington, or

WM. ROBINSON.

January 29, 1833.—tf

Flax Seed, and Tanners' Oil.

ON CONSIGNMENT,

48 BARRELS Prime Tanners' Oil;
7 do. Flax Seed Oil;

For sale by

CASSAT, HUTCHISON & LEDLIE.

January 29—4t

SEGAR LEAF TOBACCO.

50 BALES Kentucky Leaf Tobacco, of a good quality, suitable for the manufacture of Segars.

10 Seroons Cuba Leaf Tobacco—Will be sold at reduced prices to close consignments.

JOHN D. DAVIS & CO.,
No. 38, Water street.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 5.—3t.

EDUCATION.

THE subscriber, having been engaged for some time in one of the most extensive Institutions of New York, intends opening a Private School for Boys, in Rogers' Row, Allegheny, on the first of April.

He will constantly endeavor to promote thorough scholarship, purity of morals and propriety of manners in those committed to his charge.

Strict and impartial discipline will be uniformly maintained. The number of pupils will be *limited.*

	Terms per Quarter.
Latin and Greek,	$8 00
French,	5 00
English (Penmanship, Arithmetic, Rhetoric, Geometry, and Natural Philosophy, payable in advance)	6 00

WM. HOWARD VAN DOREN.

He would respectfully refer parents, for further information, to

The Rev. G. Upfold, D. D.—Pittsburgh,
" Wm. B. Lacey, D.D. "
" F. Herron, D. D. "
T. B. Dallas, Esq. "
Rev. I. Halsey, D. D., Allegheny,
" J. F. Halsey, A. M. "
" E. Y. Buchanan, A. M. "
S. Colwell, Esq.

February 5, 1833.—wi3m

HARDWARE.

M'KIM & MASLIN, No. 248 Market street, Baltimore, and MASLIN & Co. No. 4 North Third street, Philadelphia, are receiving, this spring, a large and handsome assortment of Hardware, Cuttlery, Saddlery, Edge Tools, Anvils, Vices, &c. &c., selected by one of their partners, now residing in England, at the *lowest Cash Prices*, which they offer to their friends and purchasers generally, at reduced prices, for cash or approved paper.

Feb. 5, 1833.---1awt1A.

New Works.

RECOLLECTIONS of Mirabeau, and of the two first legislative assemblies of France. By Etienne Dumont, of Geneva, 1 vol. 8 vo.

2. Prince Puckler Muskans' tour through England, Ireland, France, Germany, &c. &c. in the years 1828—29; with remarks on the manners and customs of the inhabitants, and anecdotes of distinguished characters. 1 vol. 8 vo.

3. Encyclopedia Americana, vol. XII.

4. History of Spain and Portugal, vol. 3, being No. 20 of Lardner's Cabinet Cyclopedia.

Just received and for sale by

JOHN I. KAY & Co.,
44 Market st. opposite Bank of Pittsburgh.

Feb. 5, 1833.---3t.

Boy and Girl's Library, No. 4.

CONTAINING Sunday Evenings, or an easy introduction to the reading of the Bible. Just received and for sale by

JOHN I. KAY & CO.,
44, Market street.

Feb. 5.—2t.

NOTICE.

JAS. E. BREADING, John Taylor, William Hogg, and George Hogg, having associated themselves together in the Wholesale Dry Goods Business, under the firm of

BREADING, TAYLOR & Co.

(Successors of Trevor & Breading,)

NO. 77 WOOD STREET,

Will keep constantly on hand, a large and well selected stock of *FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS*, by the package or piece, on accommodating terms.

Country Merchants and others will find it to their advantage to call, and examine for themselves. Feb. 5.---w6mo.

Havanna Coffee, and New Mackerel.

RECEIVED, per Steamer Juniata, on Consignment,

20 bags Bright Green Havanna Coffee;
25 bbls. Fresh No. 2 Mackerel;
25 do. do. 3 do.;
60 do. 1831 2 do.; in good order, and will be sold unusually low. Apply to

CASSAT, HUTCHISON & LEDLIE.

January 29—4t

I Want to Rent

MY little, neat, genteel, well finished, and comfortable TAVERN HOUSE, on Wall street, to a smart capable man to conduct it, and able to pay the rent, (promptly,) and furnish it well. None other need apply to

J. W. BREDEN, Wall street, or to
L. CLARKE, next door below.

N. B.—The house will be completed about the 1st January, 1833, and a stable and large back lot will, or can be added, if required.

Louisville, Jan. 29—w3t

AN ORDINANCE,

Authorizing the Mayor to borrow the sum of twelve thousand dollars.

SECT. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled,* That the Mayor of the city be, and he is hereby authorized to borrow, on loan, any sum or sums of money, not exceeding twelve thousand dollars, and to issue therefor certificates under the seal of the corporation, of one hundred dollars each, or more, at the election of the loaner, bearing interest at the rate of five per cent. per annum, which interest shall be payable half yearly at the Bank of Pittsburgh, except so much as may be borrowed in Philadelphia, the interest of which shall be paid semi-annually at the Schuylkill Bank, in the said city; and the certificates so issued shall be signed by the Mayor, countersigned by the Treasurer, and shall be severally transferable by the subscribers or their legal attorneys, executors, administrators, or assigns, by endorsement thereon, at the office, and in the presence of the Treasurer of the City for the time being, and shall not be paid or reduced by the City, except with the consent of the holders thereof, before the 1st day of July, eighteen hundred and sixty. And the money so borrowed shall be paid to the Treasurer of the City, and applied by him to the payment of warrants drawn on account, and for the further extension of the city water works exclusively.

SECT. 2. *Be it further ordained and enacted,* That the faith, credit, funds, revenue, and corporate property of the city be, and the same are hereby solemnly pledged for the payment of the sum hereby authorized to be borrowed as aforesaid, and for the payment of the interest of the same.

Ordained and enacted into a law, in Councils, the 28th day of January, A. D. 1833.

JOHN GRAHAM,
Pres't Common Council.

Attest—
E. J. ROBERTS, Cl'k Common Council.

JAMES ROSS,
Pres't Select Council.

WM. PENTLAND, Cl'k Select Council.

February 5---3t

5000 LBS. COTTON YARN, No. 5 *a* 10;
600 lbs. Candlewick;
Carded Cotton;
Carpet Yarn and Coverlet Yarn.
Sattinet Warps.

For sale by GEO. COCHRAN, of R'd,
January 29, 1833. No. 26 Wood street.

New Novel, by Mrs. Trollope.

THE Refugee in America: a novel: by Mrs. Trollope, author of the Domestic Manners of the Americans: in two volumes. For sale by

JOHN I. KAY & CO.,
Jan. 29.—3t. 44, Market street

European & American Agency,

MORE PARTICULARLY WITH GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND.

THE undersigned intends, as usual, to leave Pittsburgh, Pa. on the first day of March, and sail from New York on the first day of April next, on a *Fourteenth Tour*, through Great Britain and Ireland, transacting every description of business, as a

GENERAL AGENT,

And will return to Pittsburgh, about the first of December, 1833.

Many years ago he made extensive arrangements, whereby money remittances could be made and received to and from upwards of five hundred cities and towns on the continent of Europe, viz: in France, Holland, Germany, Switzerland, Italy, &c. &c.

In England, Scotland, and Ireland, legacies and hereditary property recovered and received; lands, houses, and tenements *sold*; claims, debts, dues, demands, inheritances, and rents collected; estates managed; stocks and all kinds of reversionary property sold; dividends of bank annuities received; voting in the choice of assignees; receiving dividend and signing certificates; acting as commissioner in taking the acknowledgment of fines and recoveries; examining witnesses under commission; procuring all kinds of documents; comparing and cross comparing same, if necessary, and proving them in evidence, on trial; witnessing the execution of deeds and memorials thereof, so that they can be registered according to act of Parliament; making searches of all kinds in public offices; proving the identity and existence of Cestui que Vies, or lives of leases of lands; procuring and receiving the consignment of goods and vessels, &c. &c. &c.

If required, reference can be given in every part of the United States, and every information may be obtained, by post paid letters, addressed,

JAMES STUART,
European Agent, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 18, 1832.—tf.

JOHN BLAIR,

Furrier & Cap Manufacturer,

NO. 136 LIBERTY STREET,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he has commenced the above Business, in the house formerly occupied by Wm. Morgan, Hatter, next door to W. Closey's Shoe Store, a few doors from the corner of St. Clair street, where he is manufacturing all descriptions of

Men's & Youths' Cloth, Leather, and Fur

CAPS

Of the latest Fashions, suitable for this season of the year; made of the best materials; well adapted for merchants and others, and sold cheaper than any establishment in the United States, and forwarded to all parts of the country.

He has at present on hand a Large Supply of

Men's	Boys'
Lustre Seal Caps;	Russian Octagon Tops;
Sea Otter do	English Flush do
Black Hair Seal do	American Opera do
Brown do. do	Belgian Signet do
Gray do. do	Jackson Patent do
Cloth.	*English Turbans,*
German Swag Tops;	Of Lustre Seal;
French Tiara do	Chinchilla;
English Baloon do	Cloth, Velvet;
American Rifle do	French Merino, &c.

Leather Opera, Round & Octagon, of various shapes.

N. B. Will receive, in a few days, a large assortment of Furs, viz: Pelerines, Cloak Collars.

December 4.—1y

Lots for Sale or Lease.

THE Subscriber offers for sale, on accommodating terms, a few Lots of Ground, containing about Ten Acres each.

Also, for Rent, from the 1st of April next, Thirty Acres of Land, well watered, and enclosed with board fence, having thereon a good Brick Dwelling House, with suitable offices—all of which is handsomely situated near East Liberty—5 miles from the city.

☞For terms, and further particulars, apply to the proprietor, No. 194 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

JAMES LAUGHLIN.

December 7, 1832.—tf

GEO. W. CARPENTER'S

COMPOUND SYRUP OF LIVERWORT,

A SAFE and Valuable Medicine for Coughs, Spitting of Blood, Consumption, and Liver Complaints.

Most of the medicines made use of for the above diseases are of a stimulating nature, composed generally of Resins and Balsams, in alcoholic solutions, which, although sometimes giving temporary relief, in almost every instance where they are freely used, aggravate the disease, and reduce the strength of the patient.

This article possesses superior advantages over these preparations, its action being of a tonic, invigorating and strengthening nature, thus overcoming the disease by promoting expectoration, and gradually increasing the strength of the patient, and thus, without being attended with any unpleasant effects: it also agrees with the stomach, in all cases, and is a pleasant medicine to take.

Sold by

H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co.
No. 42 Market Street.

Dec. 4, 1832.—tf

Jefferson Foundry.

THE UNDERSIGNED most respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have commenced the Iron Foundry Business, on the premises, Front street, (between Smithfield and Grant streets,) known as the Jefferson Foundry, where all orders will be received for Castings, Land or Boat Steam Engines, Machinery, &c., and will be executed with punctuality, and on the most reasonable terms.

SAM'L SMITH,
BENJ. MINIS.

may 4, 1832—tf

GEO. W. CARPENTER'S

COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA,

A Valuable Remedy for Syphilis, Mercurial, and Scrophulous Diseases.

TWO Table Spoons full of the Fluid Extract, added to fifteen ounces of Simple Syrup, immediately produces a mixture similar to a pound of the Compound Syrup of Sarsaparilla, and the same quantity added to fifteen ounces of water, instantly forms a mixture equivalent to a pint of Lisbon Diet Drink.

ALSO,

GEORGE W. CARPENTER'S

Compound Fluid Extract of Buchu,

For Diseases of the Bladder, Chronic Gonorrhoea, and Gleets of long standing.

For Sale at H. P. SCHWARTZ & CO's Drug Store, No. 42 Market street.

December 4, 1832.—tf

GEORGE COCHRAN, OF R'D,

WILL be prepared to receive Consignments of American Manufactures and Produce, at the Domestic Warehouse, No. 26, Wood street. He intends transacting a GENERAL COMMISSION BUSINESS, and will use his best exertions to render his establishment useful to the Merchant, Manufacturer, and others, who favor him with their business. He will be constantly supplied with a general assortment of DOMESTIC GOODS, at Wholesale, on the most favorable terms.

☞The partnership of COCHRAN & IRWIN was dissolved on the 1st instant, by mutual consent.

☞The Cincinnati Gazette and Louisville Advertiser will each insert the above to the amount of $4. Pittsburgh, January 11, 1833.—tf

AN ORDINANCE.

Concerning the Assessment and Appropriations of the City Taxes, for the year 1833.

SECT. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled,* That the amount of moneys to be collected upon the persons, possessions, trades, and property, of the city of Pittsburgh, made taxable: together with the moneys now in the Treasury, as well as all moneys arising from rents, fines, forfeitures, licenses, &c. &c. shall be, and the same is hereby appropriated in the following manner, viz:

No. 1.—Salaries of City Officers, to wit:			
	Mayor	$500	00
	Treasurer	500	00
	Wharf Master	400	00
	Street Commissioners	730	00
	Clerk of Market	100	00
	High Constable	200	00
	City Constables	600	60
	Clerks of Councils	300	00
	Bell Ringer	80	00
	Messengers	50	00
	Assessors	60	00
	Recording Regulator	200	00
	Superintendent of Water Works	900	00
Total No. 1,		$4,620	00
No. 2	for cleaning paved cartways	$2,075	00
3	Collecting and lost taxes	1,000	00
4	Credits for old paving	150	00
5	Stationery and fuel	100	00
6	Wh'vs & land on Monongahela	400	00
7	Repairing streets	1,000	00
8	Grading and paving cartways	4,140	00
9	Interest on { bal. 1832, 904 / am't 1833, 8,300 } city loan	9,204	22
10	Redemption & int. of City Bills	100	00
11	Water Works	12,000	00
12	Contingent Fund	5,164	17
13	Fire engine and Hose comp.	3,000	00
14	Outstanding warrants	6,967	33
		$49,920	72

Ordained and enacted into a law, in Councils, the 28th day of January, A. D. 1833.

JOHN GRAHAM,
Pres't Common Council.

Attest—
E. J. ROBERTS, Cl'k Common Council.

JAMES ROSS,
Pres't Select Council.

WM. PENTLAND, Cl'k Select Council.

February 5—3t

E. HALE,

SURGEON DENTIST,

HAS removed to the house lately occupied by Mr. Saml. P. Darlington, No. 71 in Fourth street, next door to the corner of Wood st. where he will be happy to wait upon those who may require his professional services, in all its various branches.

N. B.—For sale, a superior Tooth Powder. Also, J. White's Tooth Ache Drops.

March 10, 1832.—tf

Kensington Rolling Mill.

S. & R. LEONARD have associated with them A. M'N. SEMPLE. The business in future will be conducted under the firm of LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD; at the above place, on the Monongahela River, above Suke's Run.

The agency of W. H. Hays is discontinued.

LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD intend making and constantly keeping on hand the following kinds of IRON, of the neatest and best quality, which they offer on accommodating terms:

1d. 2d. 3d. 4d. 5d. 6d. 8d. and 10d. Hoop,
Round and Square, from 1-4 in. to 3, in.
Nail, Chain, Deck, and Spike Rods,
Tire and Flat Iron,—all sizes.

Pittsburgh, may 21, 1829—tf.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of James Sample, Esq., late of Ross township, deceased, are requested to make payment to the subscribers, and all creditors are requested to present their claims to the subscribers.

FOR SALE,

A TRACT OF LAND, situated on the Allegheny river and Pennsylvania canal, three miles above Pittsburgh, containing two hundred acres, one hundred of which are cleared and in good order, on which are a good barn and orchard.

The Docket of the deceased is placed in the hands of Thomas Sample, Esq. of Allegheny.

THOMAS SAMPLE, } *Ex'rs.*
WILLIAM SAMPLE, }

Feb. 28, 1832.—tf

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS, having disposed of their interest in the house of Riddle, Forsyth & Co. retired from the concern on the 7th instant. The transactions of the house are continued as heretofore under the firm of

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & CO.

Mr. Jacob Forsyth, late of Louisville, and Mr. Robert M. Riddle, of this city, succeed us in the active management of the concern, and will devote their whole attention to its business. We have entire confidence in the ability and disposition of our successors to promote the interest of their correspondents, and would therefore recommend them as deserving the continued support and favor of our friends.

JOHN S. RIDDLE,
JOHN D. BAIRD.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 18, 1831.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN That the Notes, Book Accounts, and all other property of Robert Patterson and J. H Lambdin, late Stationers and Paper Manufacturers, trading under the firm of R. Patterson & Lambdin, have been assigned to the subscribers this day, for the benefit of creditors.

HENRY HOLDSHIP,
C. ANSHUTZ,
MARTIN RAHM.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 22, 1823—tf

NOTICE.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the firm of *Towne & Gazzam*, is this day dissolved by mutual consent; those indebted are requested to make payment to A. H. Gazzam, who is authorised to settle the business of the firm, and those having claims will present the same to him for adjustment and payment.

JOHN TOWNE.

Mobile, may 15, 1831. [June 3.—tf.]

BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE

IN ALLEGHENY TOWN.

THE Subscriber wishes to sell a number of building lots, handsomly situated, being bounded by Ohio street, Sandusky street, and Gay alley.

The terms of payment will be made known, and a plan of the lots shown to any person, on application to the subscriber, living in Allegheny town, or to Mr. John Irwin, at his Rope Warehouse, corner of Liberty and Fourth streets, in Pittsburgh. ALEXANDER SEMPLE.

Pittsburgh, April 20, 1832.—tf

GLASS WARE.

BAKEWELLS AND ANDERSON inform their friends and the public, that they have made a reduction in the prices of their Glassware, and have now on hand a complete assortment of Plain, Cut, and Prest Glass of every description.

Also—Plain, Cut, and Prest Bureau Knobs, and a variety of Japan, Britannia, and Plated Castor Frames—received direct from the manufactories.

BAKEWELLS & ANDERSON.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 5, 1833.—3m.

TO LET,

THE two Three Story Brick Houses, near the South East corner of the Diamond, now occupied by Samuel Cooper and Henry Stafford.

ALSO,

Five Rooms over the Stores at the corner of the Diamond and Market street, suitable for lawyers' offices. Enquire of

JAMES B. IRWIN.

December 28—tf

JOHN D. MAHON,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

FROM CARLISLE, Pa.

HAVING removed to Pittsburgh, will attend to the business of his Profession, in the several Courts of Allegheny and the adjacent Counties. ☞ Office, No. 44 Fourth street, near Market. Pittsburgh, Nov. 6.—tf

Machine Card Factory.

GEORGE FABER & SONS respectfully inform the public that they have in operation, at their factory, No. 116 Wood street, a number of Sticking Machines, which enable them to supply, with promptitude, to any extent, orders for Cards of every description—Cotton and Woollen Manufacturers, and Carding Machine builders, will be accommodated on reasonable terms, with a very superior quality, equal to any manufactured in the United States.

The Public are most respectfully referred to the following certificates.

Gentlemen—We are in receipt of your letter of 18th inst., and in reply, have to say that all the Cards purchased by us from your concern, has upon trial, proved to be good; we incline to the opinion that they are superior to any we have bought east of the mountains. Very respectfully,

MOORES & WILSON,
Point Cotton Factory, Wheeling, Va.

To Messrs. G. Faber & Sons, Pittsburgh.
Nov. 21, 1831.

We have had in use, for some time, the Machine Cards manufactured by Messrs. George Faber & Sons, of Pittsburgh, and have no hesitation in pronouncing them equal to any Cards heretofore made use of in our establishment.

JAMES ARTHURS & BROTHERS.

The undersigned have been using, for the last six months, Cards manufactured by G. Faber & Sons, of Pittsburgh, and unhesitatingly say, they are the best they ever worked: they recommend manufacturers to give them a trial for themselves, and believe they will not be disappointed in their quality.

THORNILEY & TOWNSEND.

Fallston, Nov. 22, 1831.

The Card Clothing manufactured by Messrs. George Faber & Sons, which we have in use in our establishment, (the Hope Cotton Factory,) has given the greatest satisfaction, and we feel justifiable in recommending them to others.

SHOENBERGER, WRENSHALL & Co.

The Machine Cards, manufactured by Messrs. George Faber & Sons, Pittsburgh, some of which are in use in the manufactories at Economy, Beaver county, Pa., have given entire satisfaction, I therefore have no hesitation in recommending them to the patronage of the manufacturers generally. Yours, respectfully,

FREDERICK RAPP.

December 30—tf

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—*John S. Riddle,* (late of the house of Riddle, Forsyth & Co. Pittsburgh,) has formed a connexion with *Washington Jackson*, of Philadelphia. The house will be conducted under the firm of

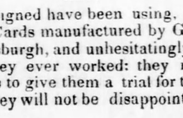
Washington Jackson & Riddle,

No. 20, South Front street,
PHILADELPHIA.

They will make purchases and effect sales for foreign accounts, and will be pleased to receive consignments of the staples and produce of the west, making liberal advances on all goods addressed to them for sale. January 18—tf

To Baltimore and Philadelphia

TRAVELLERS.



THE LINE OF STAGES between Chambersburgh and Baltimore, on the Somerset and Mountpleasant route, has been doubled, and now runs DAILY, (Mondays excepted,) leaving Chambersburgh *at day-light* in the morning, and arriving in Baltimore, early the same evening.

Passengers reach Philadelphia, in this way, the second afternoon, from Chambersburgh, without the loss of any rest; taking the splendid STEAM BOAT LINES, which set out at 6 o'clock in the morning, [via CHESAPEAKE AND DELAWARE CANAL, a work well worth the trip to see.]

REESIDE, Owner.

In all cases where the passengers desire to reach Baltimore in time for the 5 o'clock steam-boat to Philadelphia, they can do so by leaving Chambersburgh at one o'clock in the morning, or immediately after the arrival of the Western Mail Stage. In this way, they arrive in Philadelphia, by eight o'clock the *second morning*, from Chambersburgh.

☞When a load offers, the stage will run on Mondays. April 23, 1830.—tf.

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE Bank of Pittsburgh offers for sale the following valuable property in this city viz:—ALL that piece of ground, situated on the north side of Diamond Alley, between Wood and Smithfield Streets, containing in front on Diamond Alley fifteen feet, and extending back half way to Fifth Street, on which is erected a two story brick dwelling house, with back buildings, now occupied by Copernicus Walters.

Also, That piece of ground, situated on Third street, between Wood street and Hay Scale Alley, containing in front upon Third street about twenty feet, and extending back along said alley about eighty-five feet; on which are erected one two story brick dwelling and back buildings.

Also, All that tract of Land, situated on Turtle Creek, commonly called "Dirty Camp."

For terms apply to the CASHIER

January 22, 1830.—tf

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for sale the farm on which he lives, in Washington county, on Pigeon creek, one mile south of Williamsport, on the Monongahela river, to which there is a perfectly level road. This farm contains near 400 acres, the greater part of which is first rate land. There is on the premises a Brick Dwelling House, a Merchant mill, in good repair, a new saw mill, a stone still house, 35 by 40 feet; a salt works is also in operation, and worked to advantage; about 150 acres of land cleared and under good fence. There is on the premises three small tenements for the accommodation of families. This tract is well timbered, and abounds with stone coal and springs of water, both of the best quality.

To a person wishing to embark in a manufacturing business, and possessing capital, this would be a very desirable situation, having the advantage of both water power from Pigeon creek, and banks of the very best coal near to the works, and easy of access, and its vicinity to so navigable a river, where articles of any kind are so cheaply transported to Pittsburgh.

For further particulars, apply to James P. Stuart, Merchant, Wood street, Pittsburgh, or to the subscriber on the premises.

Dec. 16—tf. ROB'T. M'FARLAND.

PATENT PLANING MACHINE.—The right to use this valuable machine, invented and patented by William Woodworth, and known as Woodworth's Patent Planing Machine, may be obtained on application to the subscriber for the counties of Allegheny, Butler, Beaver, Washington, Green, Fayette, Somerset, Cambria, Indiana, Jefferson, Clearfield, M'Kean, Warren, Venango, Mercer, Crawford, and Erie, in the State of Pennsylvania. That part of Maryland lying west of the Blue Ridge; all that part of Virginia lying west of the Blue Ridge, except the county of Ohio. The whole of the state of Ohio except the counties of Hamilton, Butler, and Montgomery. The whole of the state of Kentucky, except the counties of Jefferson, Boone, Oldham, Gallatin, and Campbell. The whole of Indiana, except the counties of Floyd, Clark, Jefferson, Dearborn, and Switzerland. The whole of the state of Illinois, and the territory of Michigan. Rights to use the machine in that part of the United States, named above, will be sold by the single county or in larger districts. As it is presumed that no one will purchase without seeing the machine at work, a description of it is deemed unnecessary. Should any person, however, wish to purchase, and find it inconvenient to visit the places where it is in operation, a machine will be furnished, warranted to plane, tongue and groove, and bring to an exact width and thickness, a white pine board of 12 feet long, and of any width from 1 to 14 inches, in one minute and ten seconds, or an oak board of the same dimensions in 2 minutes and 10 seconds. Machines may be seen at work in the cities of New Orleans, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, and others at the south and east, at Wheeling, Virginia, and at the saw mill of Messrs. Irwin & Herron, in this city.

Persons desiring to purchase will have the certificates of scientific and practical men who have seen it at work, in the different places in which it has been put up, forwarded to them. They giv their opinion as to the great value of the invention state the time they have seen boards dressed by this machine, and describe the quality of the worl as compared with that performed by hand labor.

LEONARD CHESTER,
Acting for the Proprietor.

Pittsburgh Hotel, April 19, 1831.

BAIRD & BALDWIN,

Shipping and Commission Merchants,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
NO. 7 COMMERCIAL ROW.

☞*Refer to*—
ALLEN & GRANT, *Pittsburgh.*
C. MACALLISTER, Jr. & Co., *Cincinnati.*
A. G. JAUDON & Co., *or*
MACALLISTER & YORK, *Philadelphia.*
WHITALL, JAUDON & Co., *or*
YORK, MACALLISTER & Co., *New Orleans.*

July 10, 1832.—tf

ANTI-DYSPEPTIC ELIXER.

ONE of the most agreeable and efficacious Medicines ever discovered for the permanent cure of those chronic states of derangement of the stomach, constituting that miserable disease called Dyspepsia.

The basis of this Elixer is vegetables, and perfectly innocent in its operation; it destroys that sour state of the stomach, the instant it is taken, and stops the morbid secretion, by giving strength to the muscular fibre of that important organ, by which means the peristaltic motion of the intestines is increased, and the costiveness obviated; a new action is given to the system, which puts an end to a train of distressing nervous sensations.

Another form of the disease in which the Elixer is admirably calculated to relieve, is the decline of fever, where the stomach will not bear the ordinary strengthening medicines indicated in such cases, it has the surprising effect of giving vigor, and restoring the natural secretions of the body, without increasing the febrile state. Not the least danger is to be apprehended from exposure to cold, while under the use of this medicine, nor will it interrupt necessary employment of the patient a single hour.

☞A number of cases of cures performed by the Anti-Dyspeptic Elixer in the vicinity of Pittsburgh can be given.

For sale by H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co., No. 42 Market street. August 24, 1832.—tf

DOCTOR ROBERT'S

☞*WELCH MEDICAMENTUM.*☜

FOR the cure of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints. Jaundice, Cholic, Fever and Ague, Dysentery, Headach, Loss of Appetite, Flatulence, Hypochondria, Hysterics, Dropsical Complaints, and Heartburn, It also prevents all Bilious disorders, and removes habitual Costiveness, Asthma, Strangury, Gravel, Rheumatism, Gout, and Impurities of the Blood.

A person who uses this Medicamentum will not require the use of the lancet, or any means of the healing art. It restores and revives the animal spirits, invigorates the system, removes nervous tremors, obtunds rheumatic and anthritic pains, and prevents their return. It cleanses the stomach of all morbid humors, which cause indigestion, acidities, headach, and lowness of spirits; cures all bilious disorders, and all cholics of the stomach and bowels, almost immediately; inspires cheerfulness; gives comfort to the dropsical; takes away palpitation of the heart; gives circulation to the blood; restores bloom to the sallow or sickly cheek, and plumpness to the meagre habit; purges without pain, and banishes all cause of fever of every kind. It acts on the stomach, that great reservoir of the human system, a diseased state of which causes all diseases. No alteration in the usual habits of life is required, but the abstaining from distilled ardent spirits.

CERTIFICATE,

From Rev. Derick Lansing, D. D., Pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church in Utica.

UTICA, Jan. 6, 1830.

To Dr. Hitchcock.—Dear Sir: I have always been one of the number of those who have placed little confidence in *nostrums* or *specifics*, and for this reason, although I saw your advertisement of the Welch Medicamentum, I could not bring my mind to consent to use it. My sufferings, from indigestion, during the past summer, were so severe, as materially to affect my comfort, and my capacity for usefulness. I have reason to thank you, sir, that, on hearing of the state of my health, you kindly sent me your Medicamentum. I have taken it faithfully, and with entire success. I have not been visited with one of those turns of distress, which before were weekly periodical, since I began to take your valuable medicine. Could I receive the same relief which I have hitherto experienced, on condition of taking it for life, I should cheerfully comply with such condition. Your's, very truly, D. C. LANSING.

☞Sold by THOMPSON & MILLER, at their Drug Warehouse, No. 81 Wood street, Pittsburgh. Nov. 26 tf.

Receiving & Forwarding House,

NEW ORLEANS

THE SUBSCRIBER begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he has established himself in NEW ORLEANS, for the purpose of attending exclusively to the Receiving and Forwarding of Merchandise; and feels confident, from his experience in business, and determination of adopting well regulated and moderate charges, of giving satisfaction to those who may entrust their business to his care. WM. BUCHANAN.

Refer to Messrs. Allen & Grant, Riddle, Forsyth & Co., or M'Kee, Clarke & Co. Pittsburgh.

October 26, 1830—tf.

TILT HAMMERED SPADES & SHOVELS

BARTRAM'S Hammered Spades and Shovels, warranted of a superior quality. Also, Bartram's Prime Axes, Mattocks, Canal Picks, Hoes, Trace Chains, Log Chains, &c. For sale by S. P. DARLINGTON & Co.

Corner of Fourth and Wood streets.

march 22, 1831.—tf

THE WESTERN FEMALE COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE

IS now open for the reception of Young Ladies, in that elegant, commodious, and delightfully situated mansion, lately occupied by Mrs. Agnes Irwin, on Erin Hill, one mile east of the city of Pittsburgh, near the right bank of the Monongahela river.

The design of the Institute is to impart an *accurate and thorough knowledge of all the solid and polite branches of female education;* and, having employed the assistance of several ladies of distinguished learning and accomplishments, the proprietors hope to fulfil the design.

The general classification of Studies, and Terms of Instruction in the Institute, are as follow:—

Orthography, Reading, Writing, Rudiments of Arithmetic, Geography, Grammar, and Plain Sewing, $4 per term.

Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Grammar, Geography, Chronology, Elements of History, Rhetoric, and Needle Work, $6.

Arithmetic, Grammar, Geography, History, Rhetoric, Botany, Geology, Composition, Moral Philosophy, Elocution, and Fancy Work, $7.

History, Geometry, Astronomy, Chemistry, Natural Philosophy, Logic, Elements of Criticism, Composition, and Elocution, $8.

Elocution, Intellectual Philosophy, Evidences of Christianity, Natural Theology, Domestic Economy, comprehending the Intellectual, Moral, and Manual branches of this department, $10.

French, Spanish, and Italian, each $8.

Music on the Guitar, Piano Forte, and Harp, including the use of the instruments for practice, each $13.

Drawing and Painting, $6. Painting on Velvet, with theorems, $4. Bronzing and Painting in the Chinese style, $20 per course.

Board, instruction in Callesthenics, Weekly Lectures on Etiquette and Polite Manners, Fuel, Candle-light, Pew Rent, and general superintendence, $2 50 per week. ☞All bills payable quarterly in advance.

Those who prefer the arrangement, may have their daughters boarded and instructed in *all* the branches taught in the Institute, at the rate of $200 per annum.

Dr. Lacey and his Institute have the honor of being recommended to the public confidence and patronage, by the following distinguished gentlemen:

E. T. Throop, Governor of the State of N. Y.; Edward P. Livingston, Lieut. Governor, do.; Rev. Eliphalet Nott, D. D. President of Union College; Reuben H. Walworth, Chancellor of the State of New York; A. Flagg, Secretary of State; Silas Wright, Jr. Comptroller; James Porter, Register in Chancery; John Townsend, Mayor of the city of Albany; Alonzo Potter, A. M. Professor of Bells Lettres and Moral Philosophy Union College; P. A. Proal, A. M. Prof. of the French language and literature, U. Canada; T. R. Beck, M. D. Prof. in the Col. of Phy. & Sur. of the W. District, and Principal of the Albany Academy; Rt. Rev. B. T. Onderdonk, D. D. Bishop of the Diocese of N. York, and Prof. of the nature, ministry and polity of the church in the G. T. Sem.; Rev. Thomas Lyell, D. D. Rector of Christ Church, N. Y.; Rev. George Upfold, D. D. Rector of Trinity Church, Pittsburgh; Rev. John Ludlow, D. D. Pastor of the North D. Reformed Church, Albany; Rev. W. B. Sprague, D. D. Pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church, Albany; Rev. Thomas Burch, Pastor of the North Methodist E. Church, Albany; Rev. James Martin, A. M. Pastor of Associate Church, Albany.

☞There will be a vacation of four weeks, in August; of one in November; one in February, and one in May.

☞For further particulars, refer to the Prospectus, or to the Subscriber,

WM. B. LACEY.

October 2, 1832.—1ysw

NOTICE.

CHRIS'R MAGEE having taken his nephew, C. L. MAGEE, into partnership, the public are respectfully informed that the business heretofore conducted by him will be continued under the firm of C. & C. L. MAGEE, at the old stand, No. 40 Market street, between Second and Third streets, where they will keep a constant supply of HATS, of the first rate workmanship, and of the newest fashion, which they will dispose of on the most reasonable terms.

CHRIS'R MAGEE,
C. L. MAGEE.

Pittsburgh, may 10, 1831—tf

Valuable Real Estate in the Market.

FOR SALE,

TWENTY-TWO LOTS, handsomely situated on Grant's hill, in Hoge's extension, near the tunnnel.

Upwards of forty lots in the village of Lawrenceville.

A number of valuable lots situate on the Monongahela river, and on either side of the extension of Second street, adjacent to the city.

Two valuable tracts of land, situate about 7 miles from Pittsburgh, near the Washington Turnpike Road and Chartier's creek.

The lot of ground, in Pittsburgh, on which the old banking house now stands. Terms of payment will be made easy. Apply to

A. BRACKENRIDGE,
April 6.—tf At the Office B. U. S.

LYNCH & BUTTERWORTH,

Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,

Corner of Fourth and Wood Streets,
PITTSBURGH.

PUBLIC SALES of Groceries, and Furniture every Tuesday and Friday, at 10 o'clock, A. M., and of Dry Goods and Hardware, Fancy Cutlery, Jewelry, &c. every evening, at 7 o'clock, P. M. Liberal advances made on consignments.

April 5—tf.

FORT PITT GLASS WORKS,—The subscribers respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have the above works in their hands, and will continue the Manufactory of

FLINT GLASS, CUT AND PLAIN,

Of various descriptions and patterns: and have appointed L. & P. PETERSON, (corner of Market and Front Streets,) Agents to dispose of the same—where a general assortment will always be kept on hand. Merchants and others will be furnished on accommodating terms.

All orders left with our agents will be thankfully received and promptly executed.

R. B. CURLING & SONS.

September 18 1829.—tf.

FOR RENT,

THE HOTEL in the Northern Liberties of Pittsburgh, now occupied by Mr. Samuel Mackey. Possession will be given on the first of April next.

☞Apply to H. M. WATTS,
At his Office, in the Diamond, Pittsburgh.

Jan. 8, 1833.—tf

CANVASSED HAMS.

JUST received, in superior order, 1000 CANVASSED HAMS—for sale by

JAMES ADAMS, Jr. & Co.,
Nov. 13—tf Water street.

LOTS! LOTS!!

THE following Valuable Lots are offered at Private Sale, until the first of February next, and if not sold then, they will be offered at Public Sale, viz:

4 Lots in Fifth Street, adjoining the Mansion House.

20 Lots in Penn street, beginning at the corner of Wayne.

☞Any person wishing to purchase, will please call on B. Darlington, who will show a plan of said lots, with the terms.

Pittsburgh, January 8, 1833.—tf

TO LET,

THE Upper Rooms of the new house, at the corner of Fifth and Market streets, suitable for offices. Possession given on the 1st of April next. Apply to

H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co.
January 1—tf No. 42 Market street.

THE Partnership heretofore existing under the firm of JAS. ADAMS, Jr. & Co., is this day dissolved, by mutual consent—the business of the firm will be settled by James Adams. Jr.

JAS. ADAMS, Jr.
W. H. DENNY.

January 1, 1833.

JAS. ADAMS, JR.

HAVING purchased the interest of Wm. H. Denny in the late firm, continues the *GROCERY AND COMMISSION BUSINESS* at his Ware House, Water street.

JAS. ADAMS, Jr.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 1, 1833.—tf

FOR SALE.

THE interest of the late M. S. Mason in the Pennsylvania Rolling Mill, (being one third of the concern) is offered for sale on advantageous terms.

It is believed that the investment will prove a safe and profitable one. Terms of payment will be made easy. For further information, apply to

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & Co., or
JAMES RIDDLE.

Dec. 25.—tf.

NEW INVENTION.

Faber's Patent Clover Mill.

GEORGE FABER, of Chambersburgh, and Edward Faber, of the city of Pittsburgh, having obtained Letters Patent for a Machine for Hulling and Cleaning Clover Seed, White Caps and Smut from Wheat, &c., are now prepared to sell Machines, or Counties' and States' Rights to make, vend or use them. Persons feeling disposed to avail themselves of this useful invention, can see a Machine in operation, and obtain all necessary information concerning it, by applying at the Machine Card Manufactory of Geo. Faber & Sons, No. 116, Wood street, Pittsburgh, or to George Faber, Chambersburgh, Pa.

Mills constructed agreeably to this invention, may be worked by manual labor, and will hull without any injury to the seed. A Wind Mill may be attached to the Clover Mill, so that all kinds of grain may be cleaned.

Letters on the subject, addressed as above, will meet immediate attention.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 9, 1832.—tf.

COOK'S REGISTER *and Lottery and Exchange Telegraph* is published semi-monthly, at one dollar per annum.

Contents—Bank Note Table of the Rates of Exchange at Pittsburgh; a copious description of the altered and counterfeit Bank Notes that are in circulation in the west; a list of Broken Banks; prices of Gold, Stocks, &c. Subscriptions received at GEORGE A. COOK'S Lottery and Exchange Office, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

October 21, 1831.—tf

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE Subscribers, having associated themselves together, under the firm of

Darlington & Peebles,

(Late B. Darlington) as Wholesale Dealers in FOREIGN & DOMESTIC HARDWARE,

No. 51 Market, between 3d & 4th streets,

Where they now have, and are receiving a general and splendid assortment of Cutlery, Plated and Tinned Saddlery, Plated Castors, do. Candle Sticks, Waiters, Snuffers and Trays, Shovels and Tongs, Astral, Stand, and Hanging Lamps, Hair Cloth for Sofas; together with all kinds of Birmingham goods, viz: Anvils, Vices, Steel, Mill & Cross Cut Saws, Shovels, Spades, and Axes. All which they offer on the most accommodating terms. Merchants and others are invited to call and examine.

ALSO,

A well selected assortment of Edge Tools,
BENCH AND MOULDING PLANES.

B. DARLINGTON,
ROBERT H. PEEBLES.

N. B. All those that are indebted to B. Darlington, either by Note or Book Account, will please call and settle, with as little delay as possible, and those having claims will present them for settlement.

B. DARLINGTON.

Nov. 20, 1832.—tf.

OFFICE

FOR THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF GOLD, SILVER, AND NOTES.

WANTED, AT HIGH PREMIUMS,

American Gold,	Guineas,
Sovereigns,	Ducats,
Doubloons,	Napoleons,
Guilders,	Len Thalers,
Louisd'ors,	Johannes.

Every description of Bank Note Paper discounted at the lowest rates:

Drafts and Notes of hand collected.

Interest allowed on Special Deposits.

Certificates issued payable in 30, 60, or 70 days after date, with interest.

GEORGE A. COOK,
Oct. 23 Exchange Broker.

Storage, Forwarding, and Commission WAREHOUSE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS respectfully inform Merchants, Iron-masters, Salt Manufacturers, and the public in general, that they have commenced the above business, in the new and extensive brick house two doors below the bridge, where they will Receive and Forward GOODS, IRON, SALT, &c. destined for the West by the Pennsylvania Canal, and for the East, by the Northern Turnpike. By strict attention to business, they hope to merit and receive a share of public favors. Charges for Forwarding and Commission will be moderate.

JAMES SPEER,
MARK GRAHAM.

Blairsville, Oct. 27—tf.

REMOVAL.

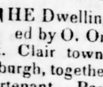
DOCTOR E. C. S. SUGG,

SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR,

(From London, and recently of Baltimore,)

HAS Removed from his residence in Irwin street, to No. 57 Liberty street, corner of Virgin alley, *(the house lately occupied by Doctor J. S. Irwin,)* where he continues the practice of his profession, in all its various branches. Dr. S. will keep for sale a choice assortment of DRUGS, MEDICINES, DYE-STUFFS, PAINTS, &c. Also, Family Medicines of his own compounding and selection. April 22—tf

FOR RENT,



THE Dwelling House lately occupied by O. Ormsby, Esq., deceased, in St. Clair township, *nearly* opposite Pittsburgh, together with the buildings and gardens appurtenant. Possession will be given immediately.

Also—A Commodious Dwelling House, on the south side of the Monongahela river, above Birmingham, belonging to the Estate of O. Ormsby; together with sufficient ground for a Garden, on which there are a number of excellent fruit trees.

Apply to

CHARLES S. BRADFORD, *or*
HENRY M. WATTS.

Dec. 25—tf